



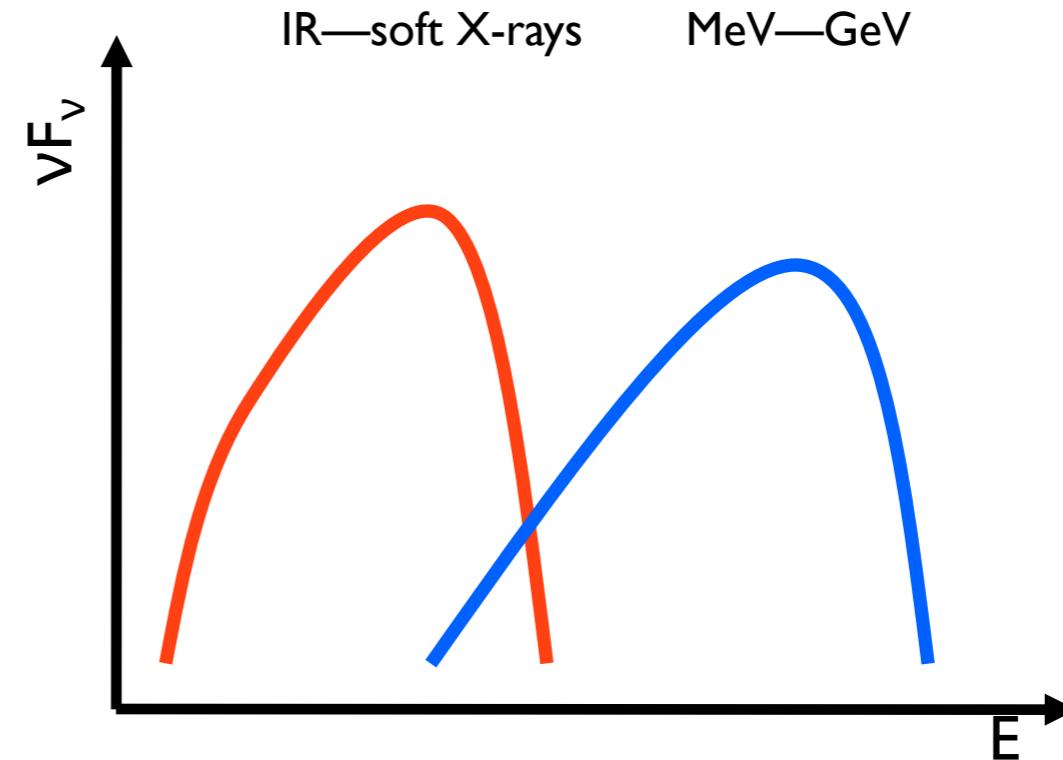
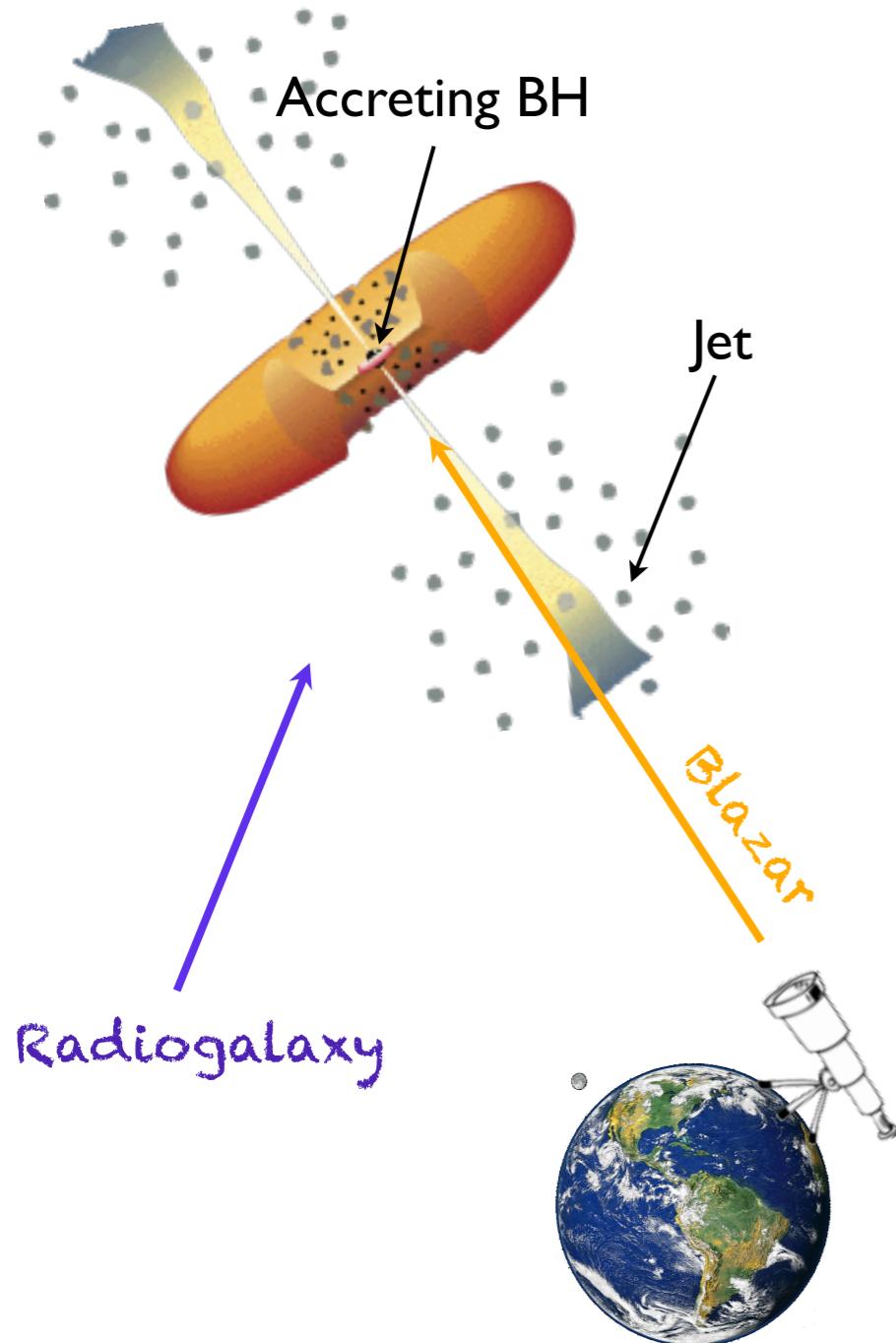
# Extreme BL Lacs

probes for cosmology and UHECR source candidates

**Fabrizio Tavecchio  
INAF-OAB**

With G. Bonnoli, G. Ghisellini

# Jets pointing at us: BLAZARS



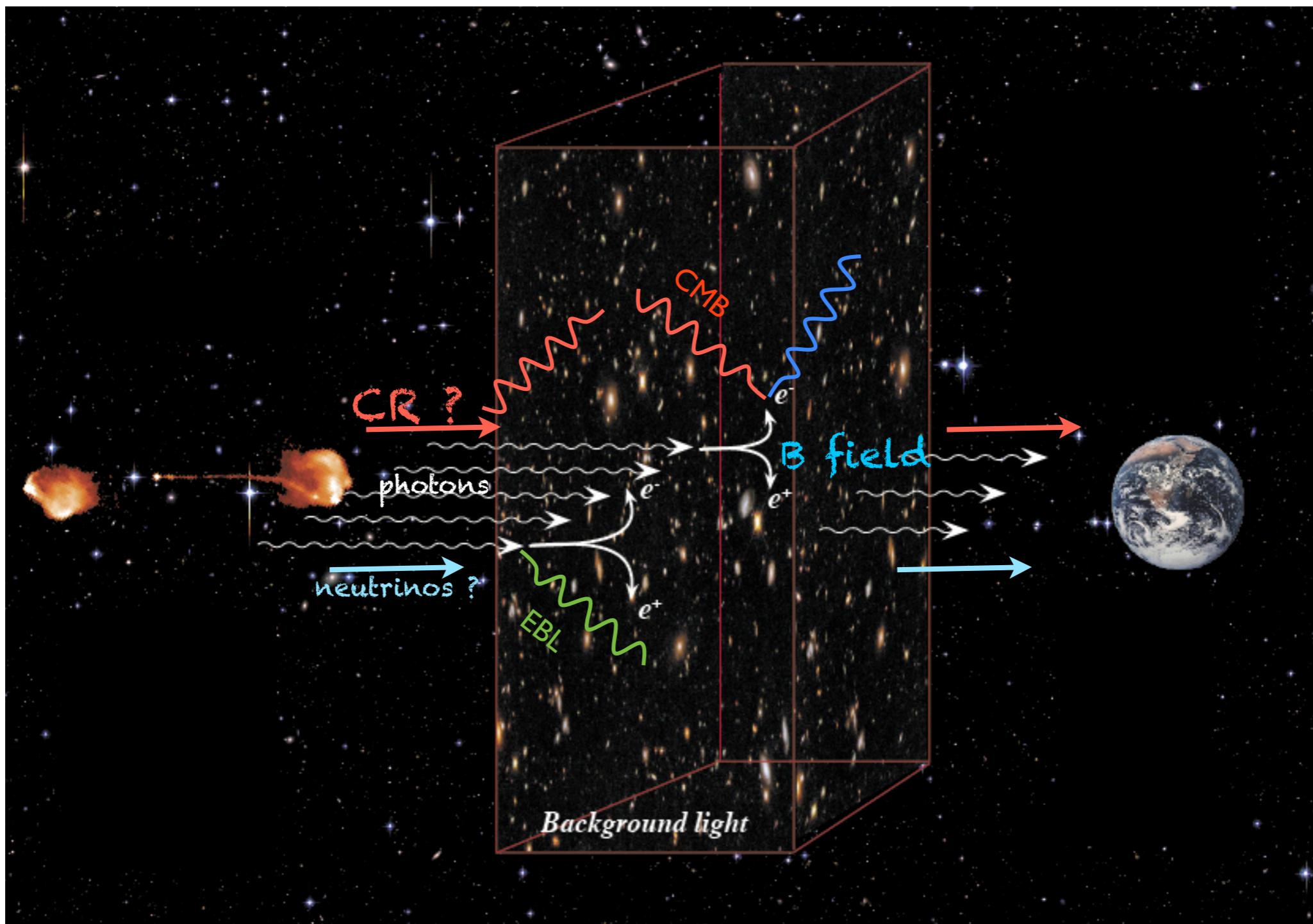
SED dominated by the relativistically boosted non-thermal continuum emission of the jet.

$$L_{\text{obs}} = L' \delta^4 \quad \delta = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1 - \beta \cos \theta_v)}$$

**Synchrotron** and IC in leptonic models.

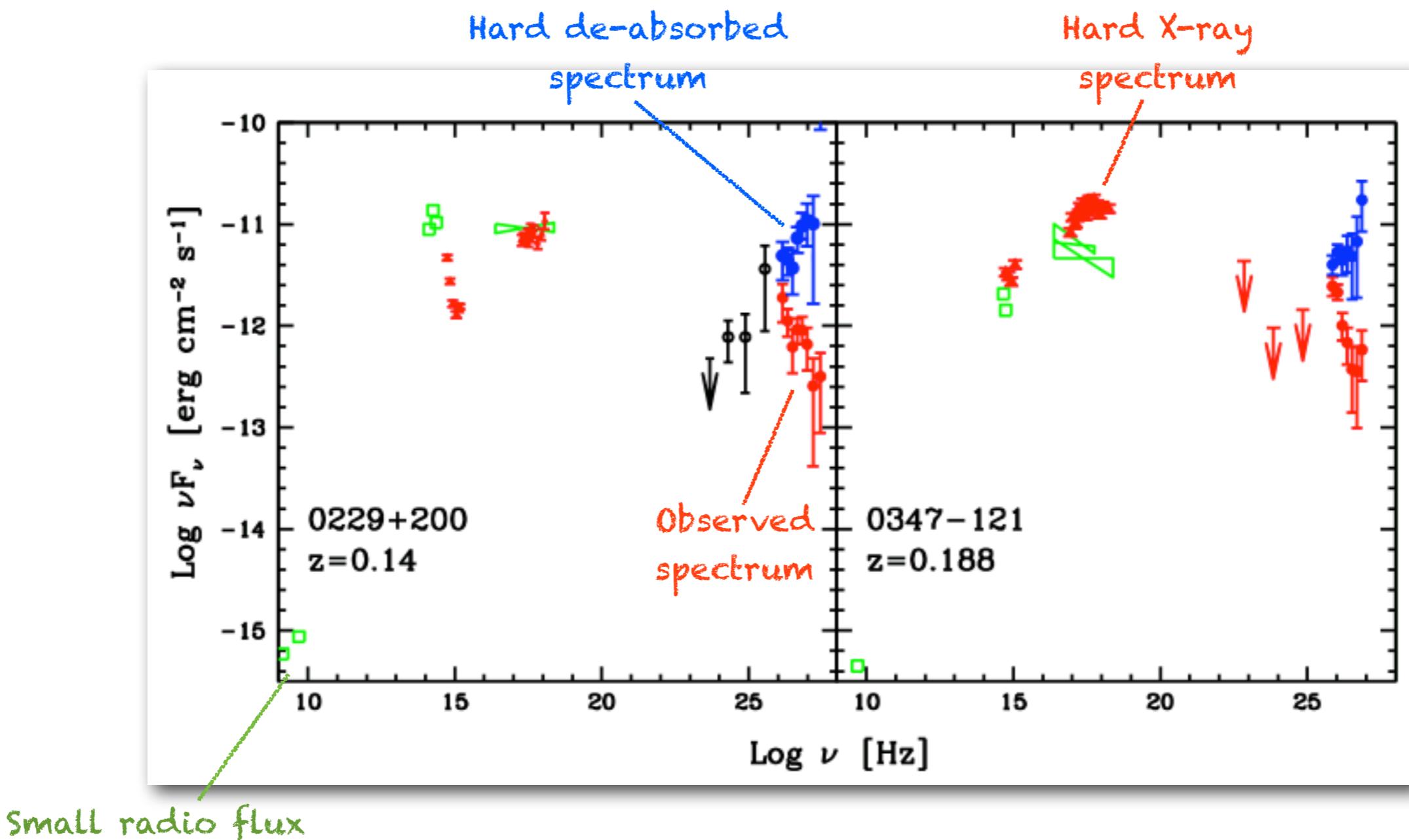
Also hadronic scenarios  
(synchrotron or photo-meson emission)

# Cosmic particle beams



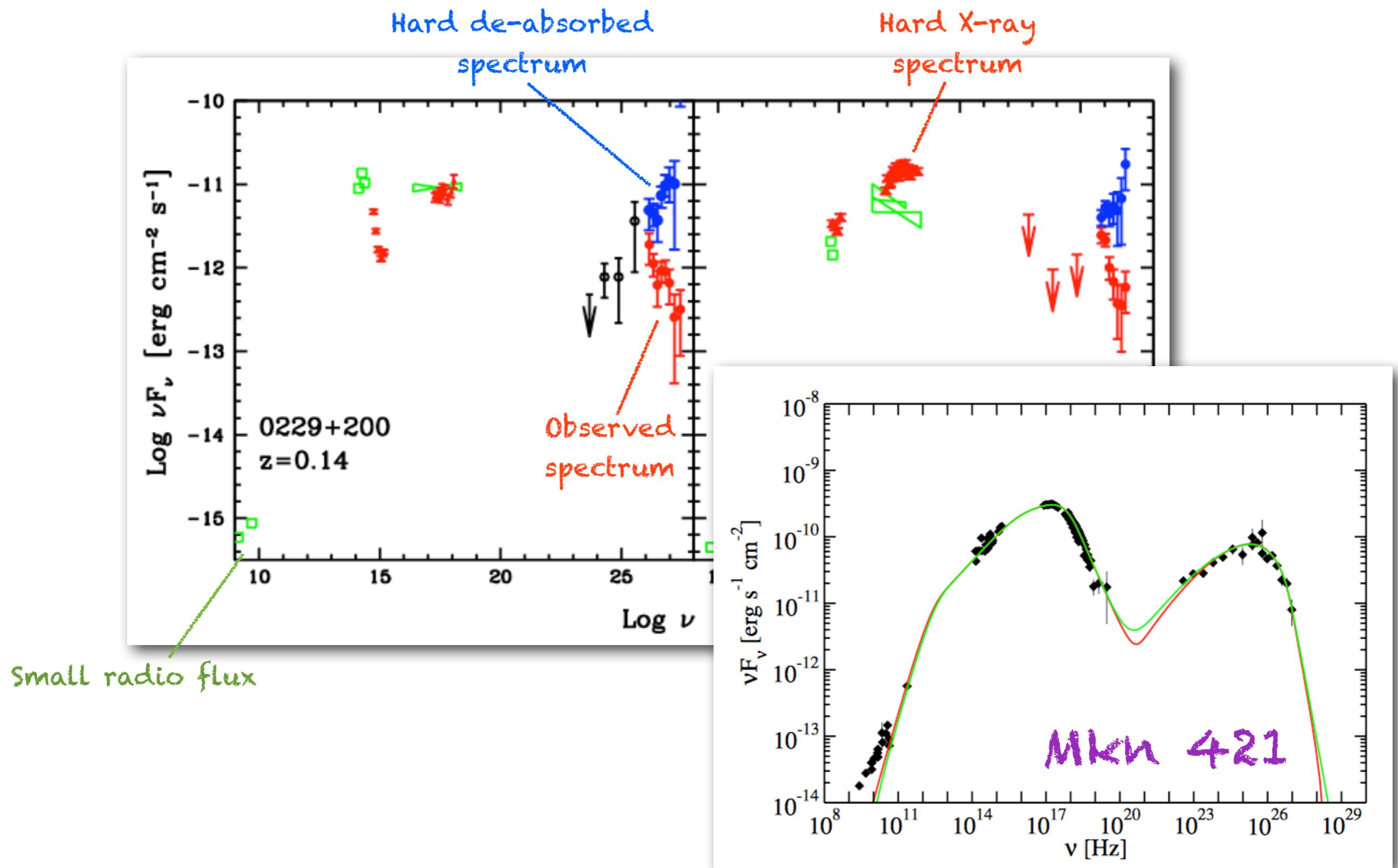
# Extreme BL Lacs

after Costamante et al. 2001



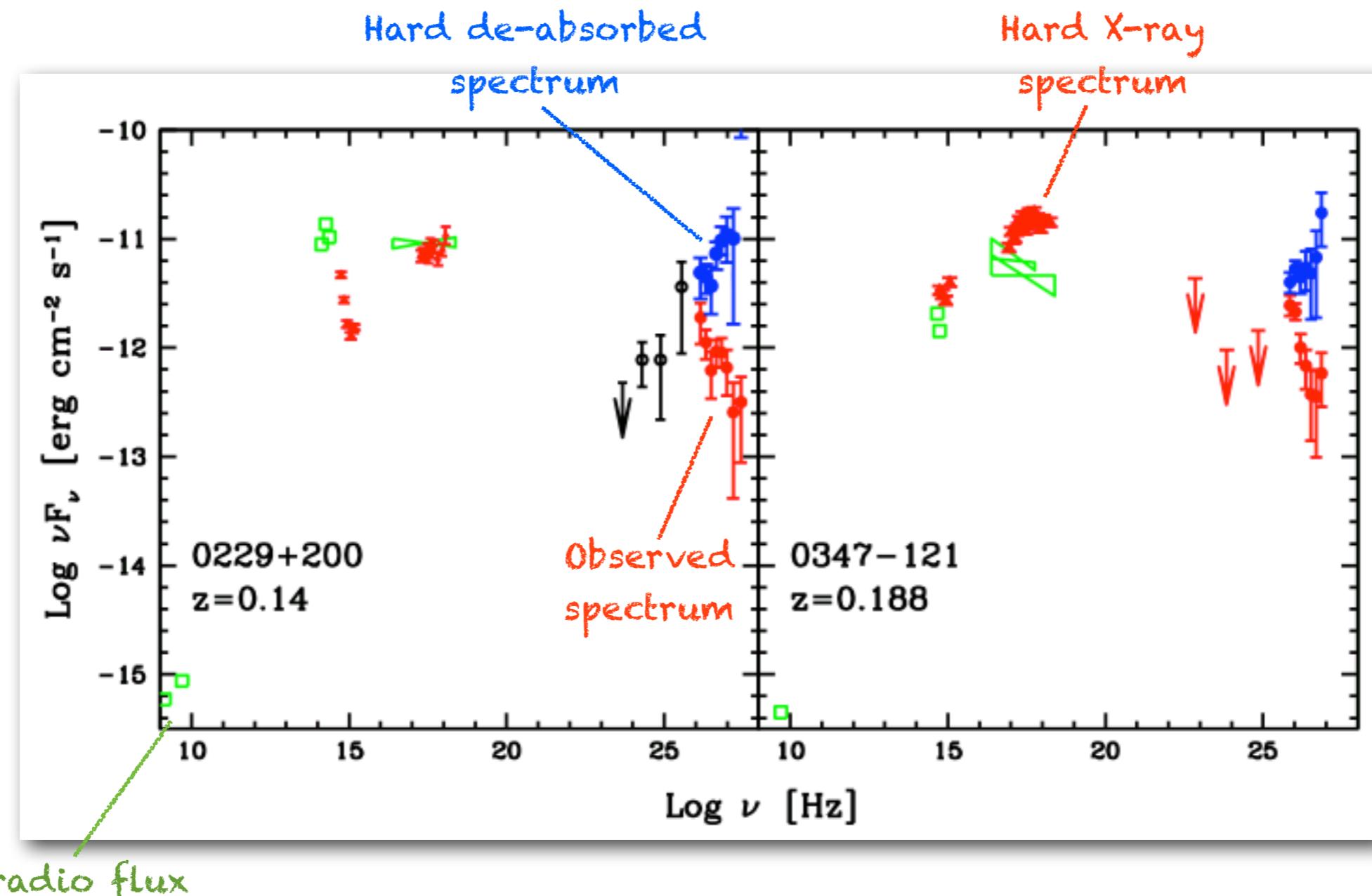
# Extreme BL Lacs

after Costamante et al. 2001



# Extreme BL Lacs

after Costamante et al. 2001



- > Very hard X-ray and gamma-ray (deabsorbed) spectra
- > Rather modest variability at all frequencies

# Related topics

- Acceleration/emission mechanism?

Katarzynski+2006, Tavecchio+ 2009  
Lefa et al. 2011, Zacharopoulou et al. 2011

- far-IR EBL-probes

Franceschini+ 2008  
Dominguez+ 2011

- Probes for anomalies in EBL opacity:

- ALPs      De Angelis et al. 2011

- Hadron beams      Essey & Kusenko 2010  
Murase+ 2012

- LIV      Fairbairn+ 2014,  
Tavecchio & Bonnoli, submitted

- parent population? “FR0”      Baldi et al. 2009, 2015

- Relevance for HE gamma-ray background

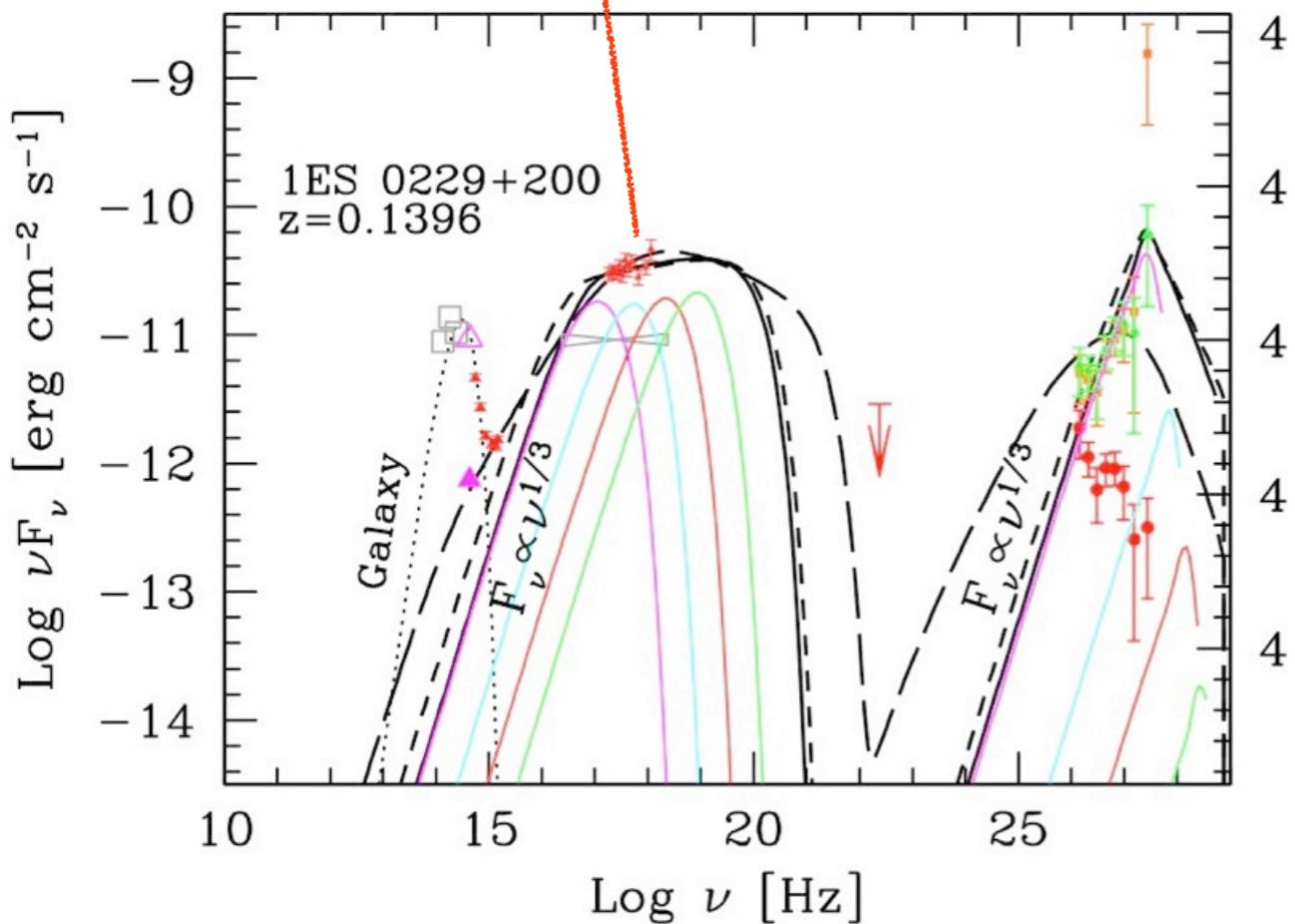
Inoue & Ioka 2012

- IGMF probes

Neronov 2010  
Tavecchio+ 2010

# Extreme accelerators?

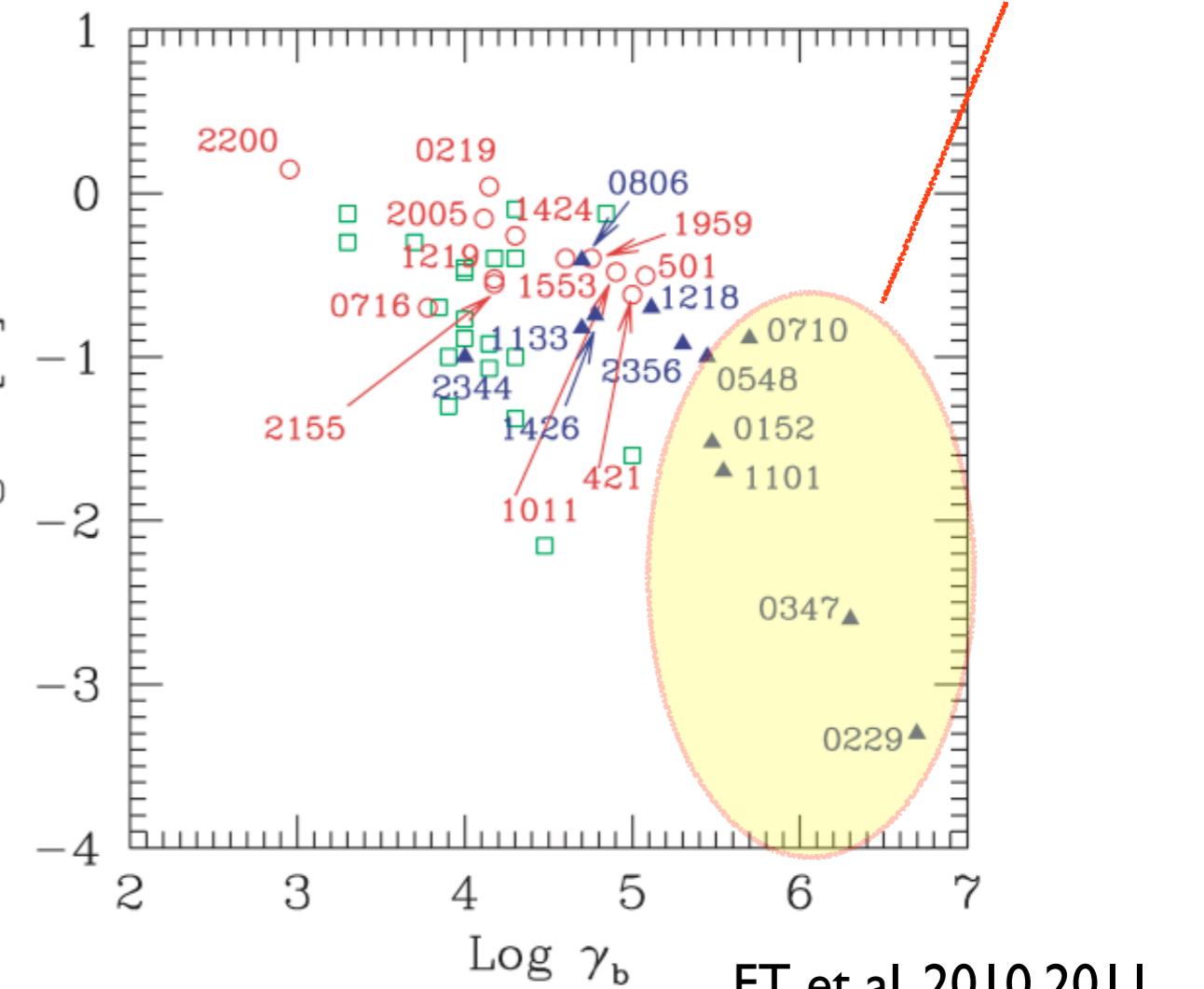
Large minimum  
electron energy



Katarzyński et al. 2005

FT et al. 2009

Very Low B  
Large e energies



FT et al. 2010, 2011

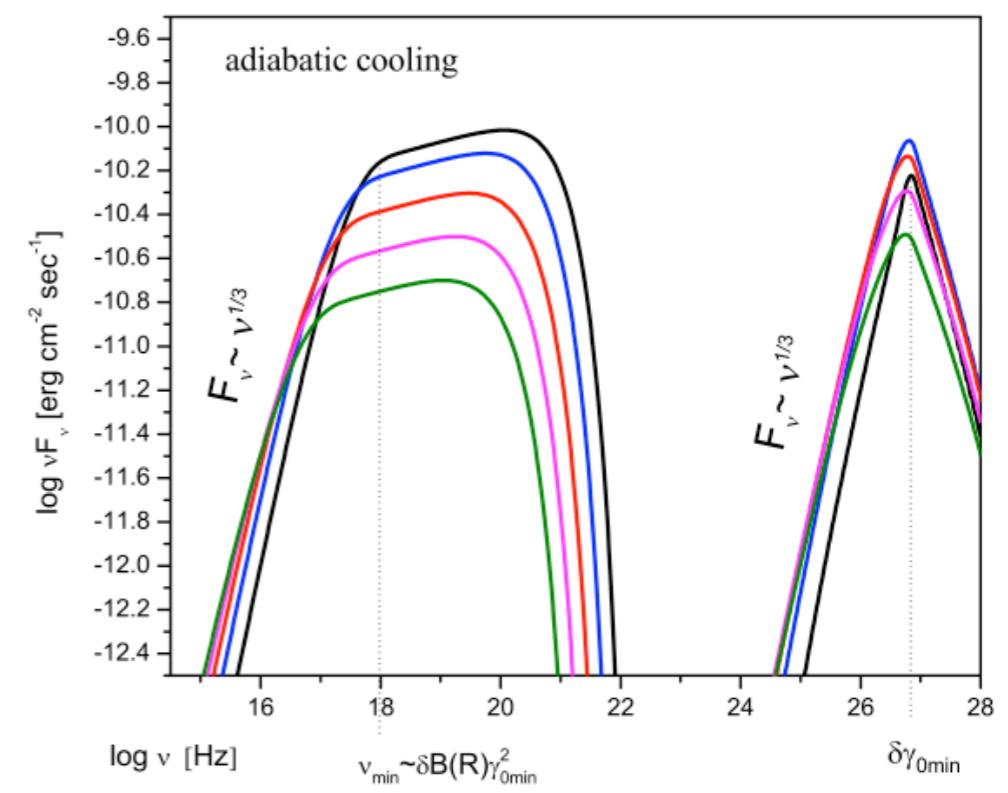
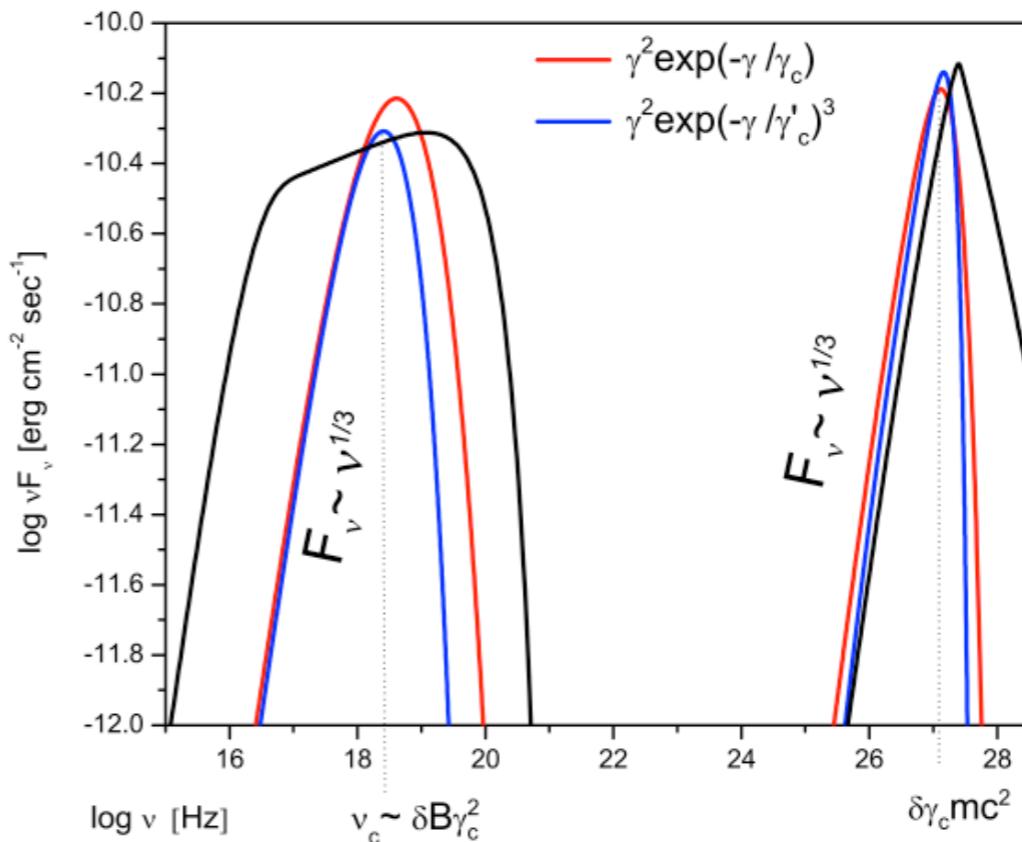
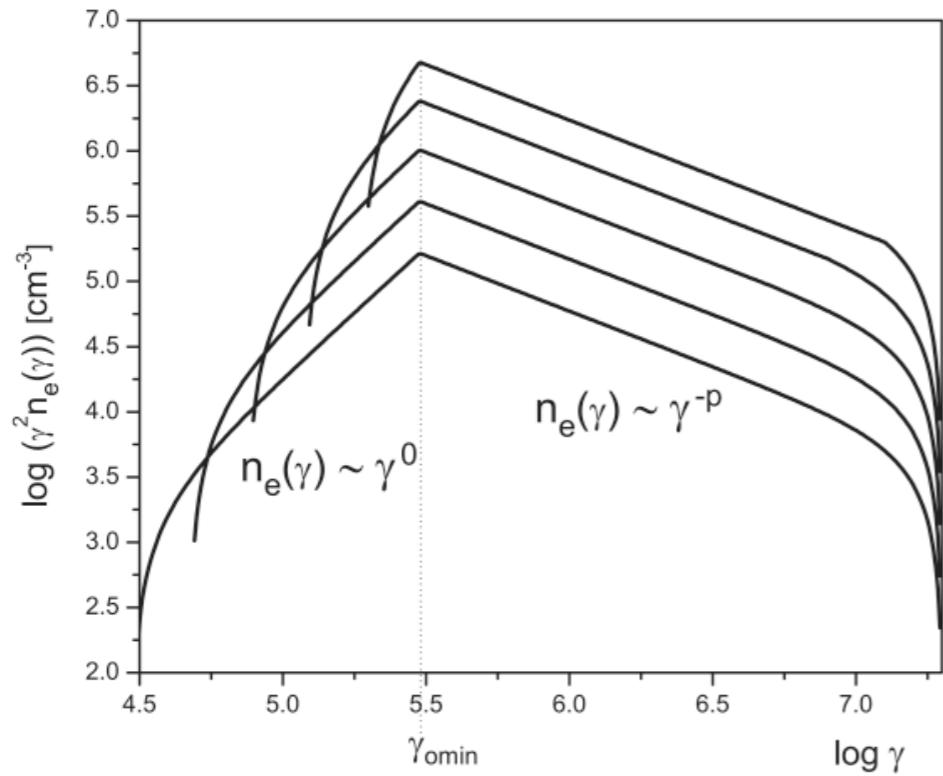
- Acceleration process?
- Why cooling so small?
- Why weakly/slowly variable?

# Emission mechanism?

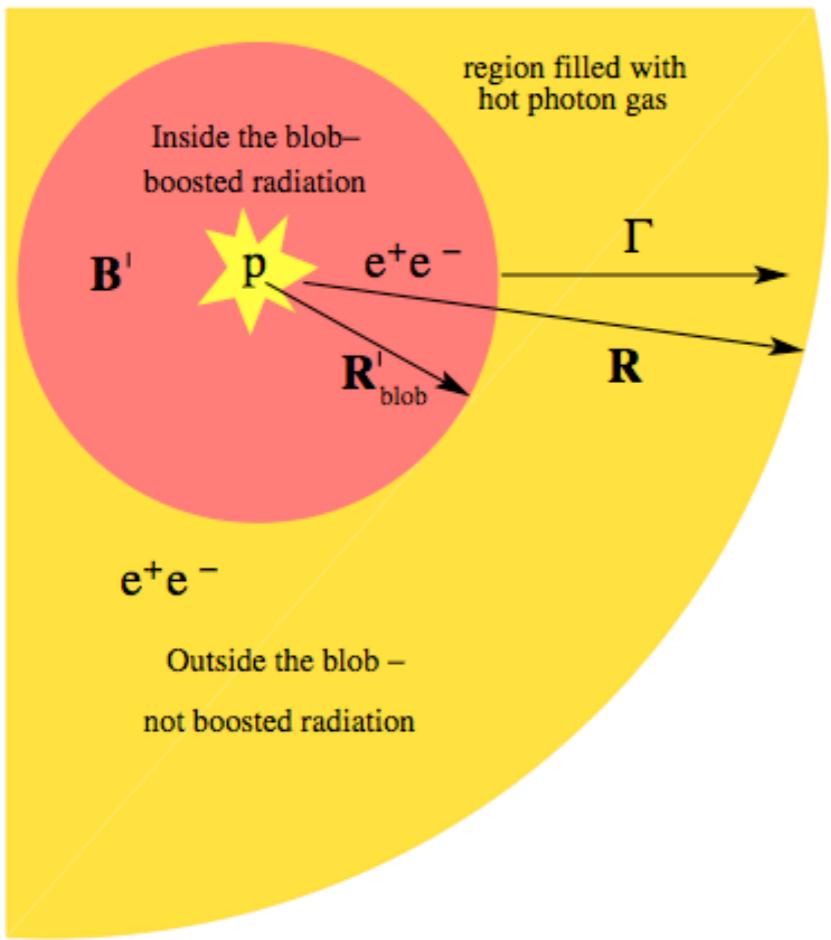
Lefa et al. 2011

Power Law or  
Maxwellian-like  
distribution?

Adiabatic cooling?

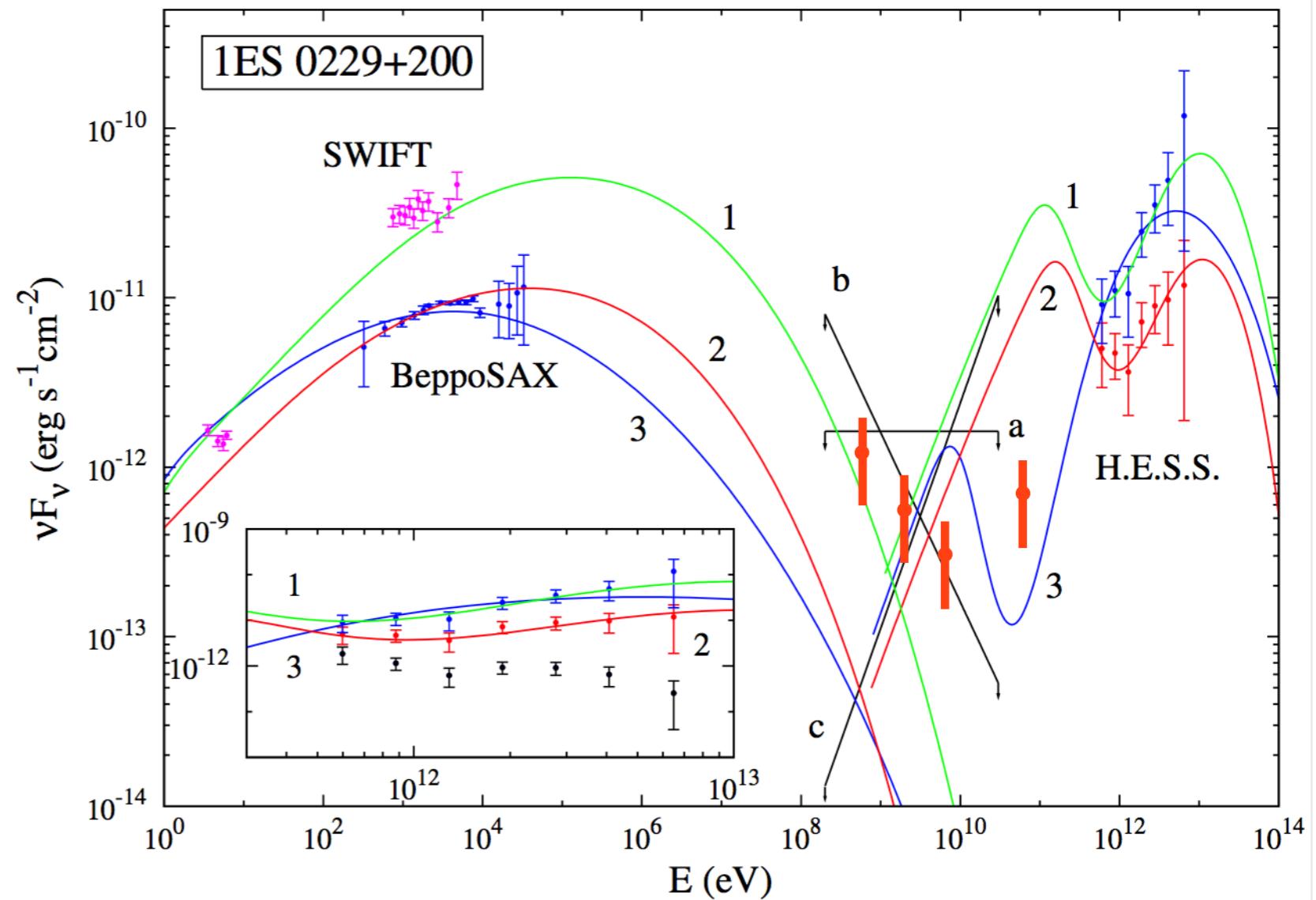


# Emission mechanism?

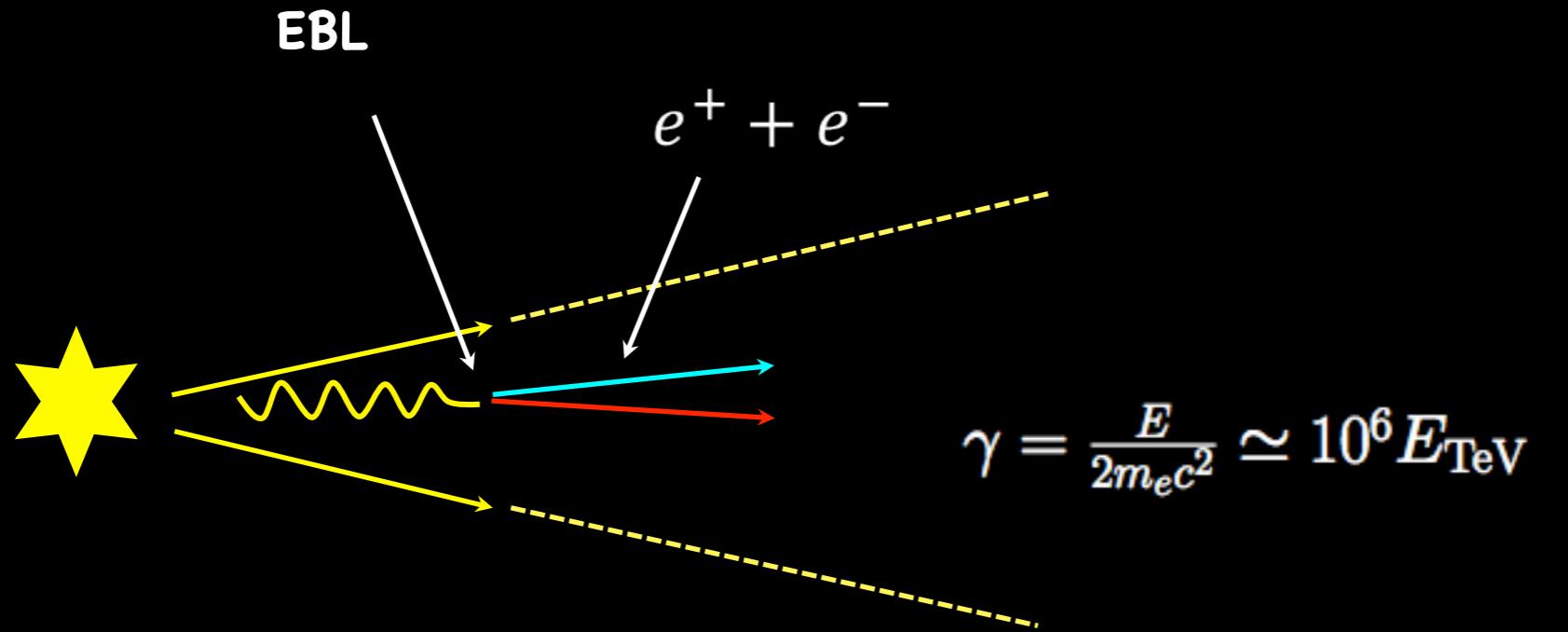


Internal absorption?

Zacharopoulou et al 2011



# Probes of IGMF



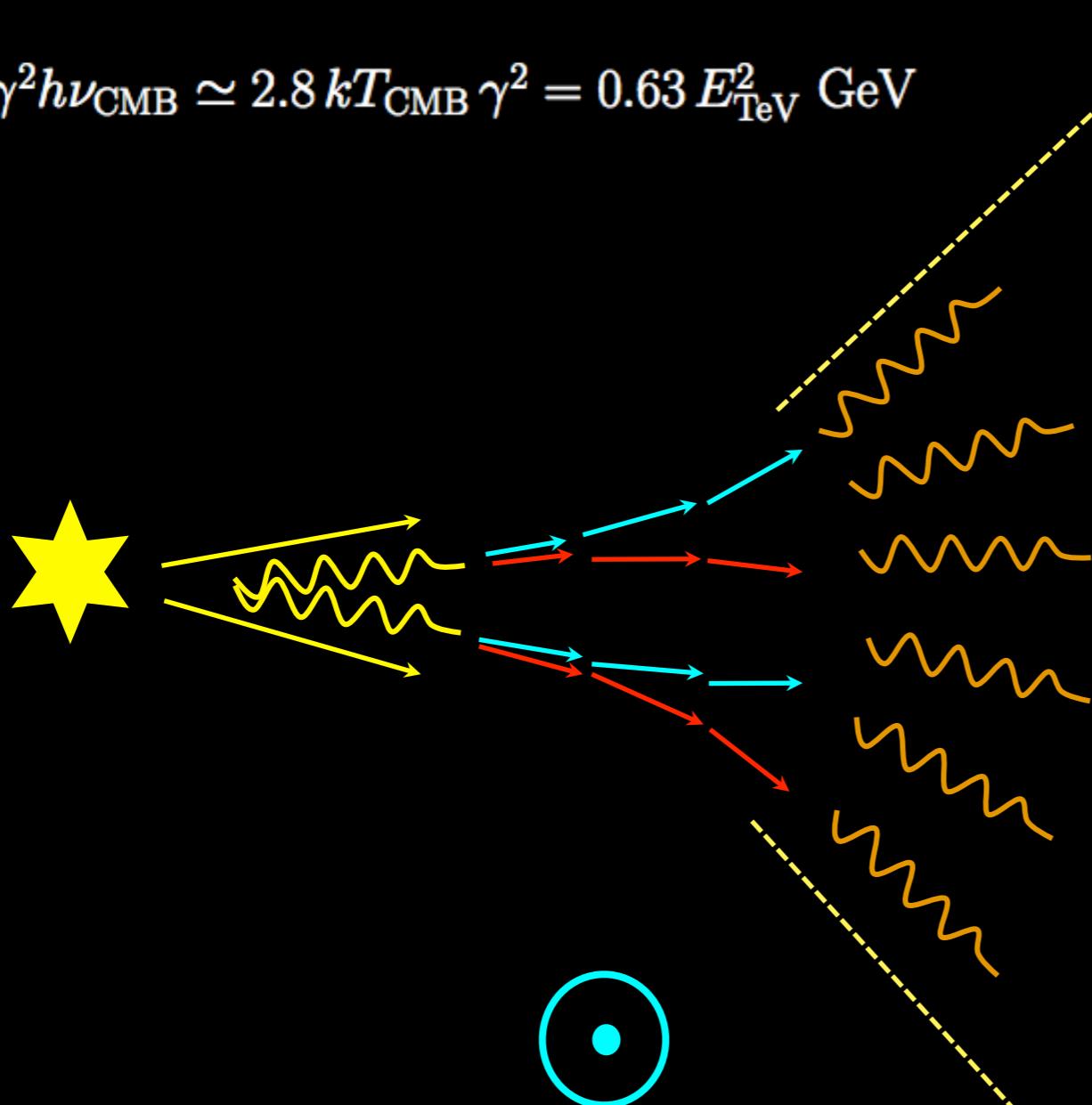
$$\gamma_1 + \gamma_2 = e^- + e^+$$



# Probes of IGMF

$$\epsilon = \gamma^2 h\nu_{\text{CMB}} \simeq 2.8 kT_{\text{CMB}} \gamma^2 = 0.63 E_{\text{TeV}}^2 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\theta_\gamma = \frac{ct_{\text{cool}}}{r_{\text{L}}} = 1.17 B_{-15} \gamma_6^{-2} \text{ rad}$$



Effective B-field

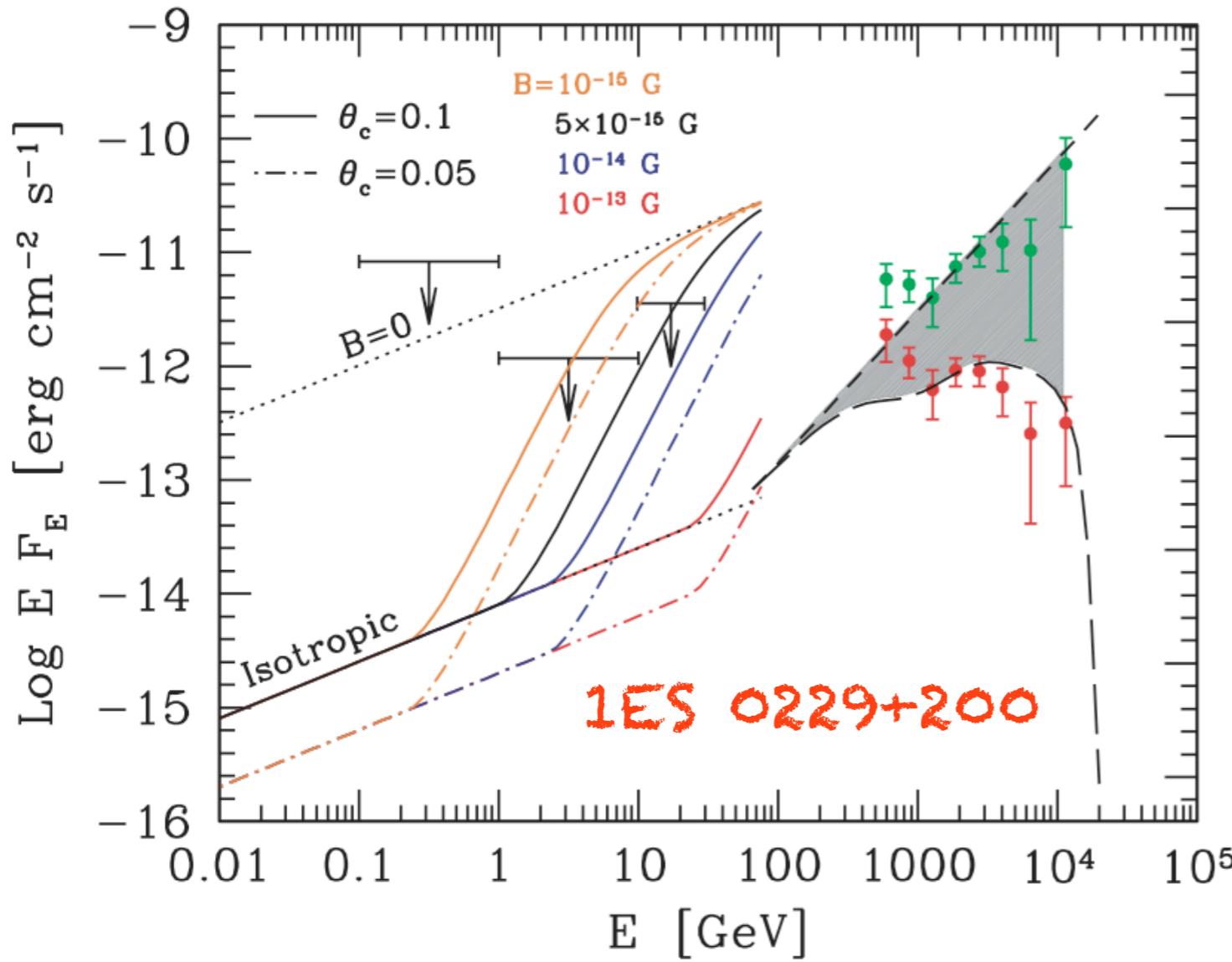
The reprocessed flux is diluted  
within a larger solid angle



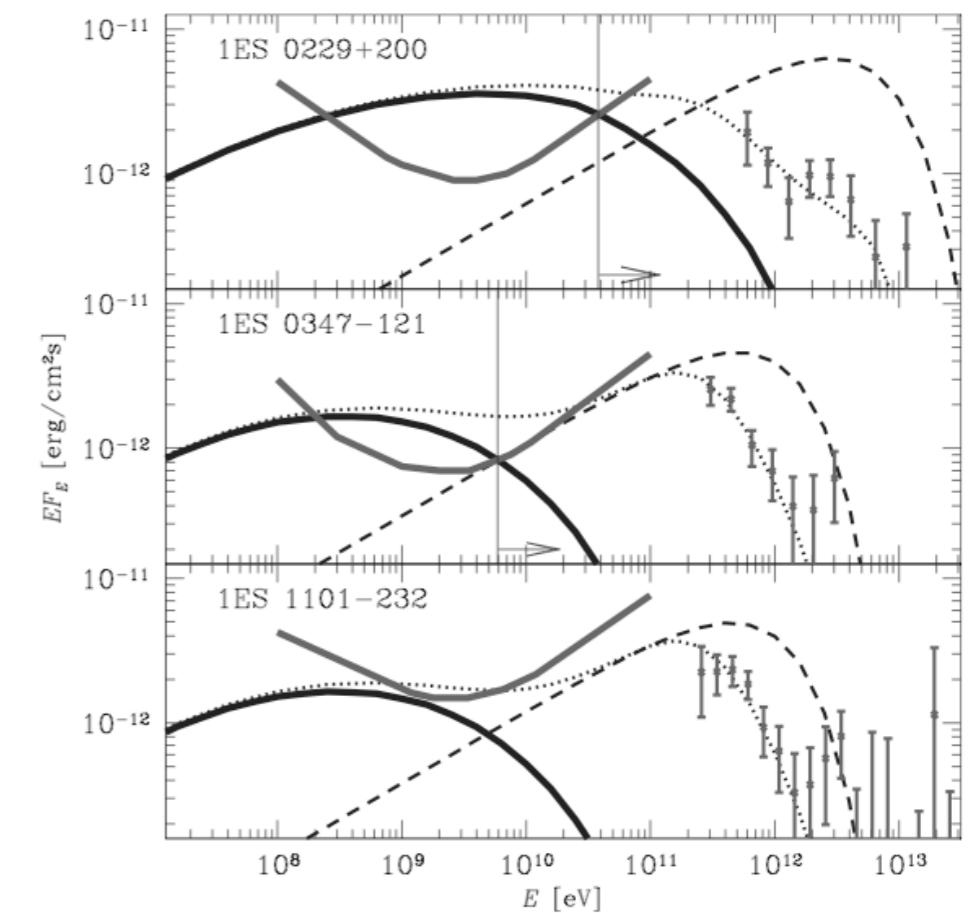
# Probes of IGMF

$B > 10^{-18} - 10^{-15}$  G

FT et al. 2010, 2011

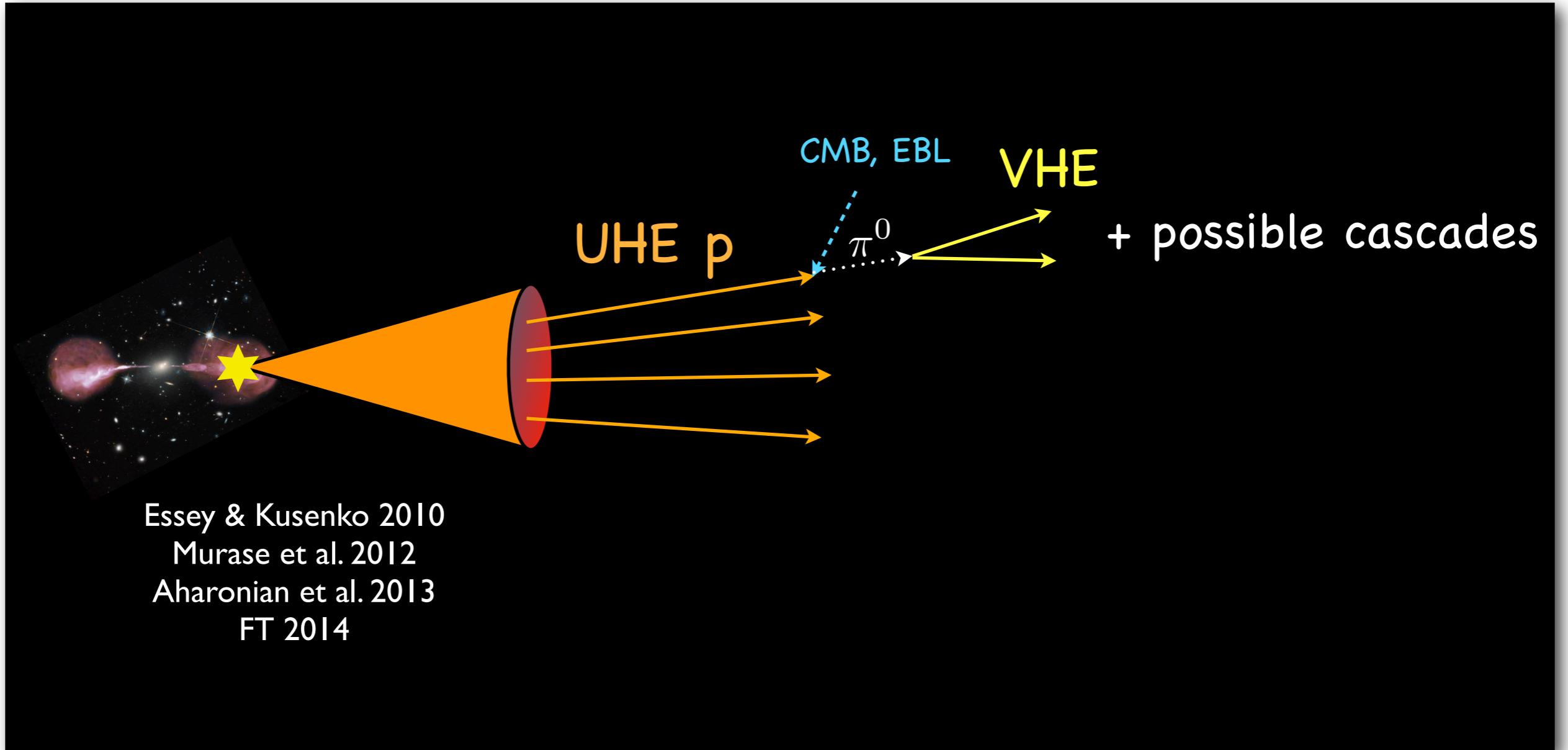


Neronov & Vovk 2010



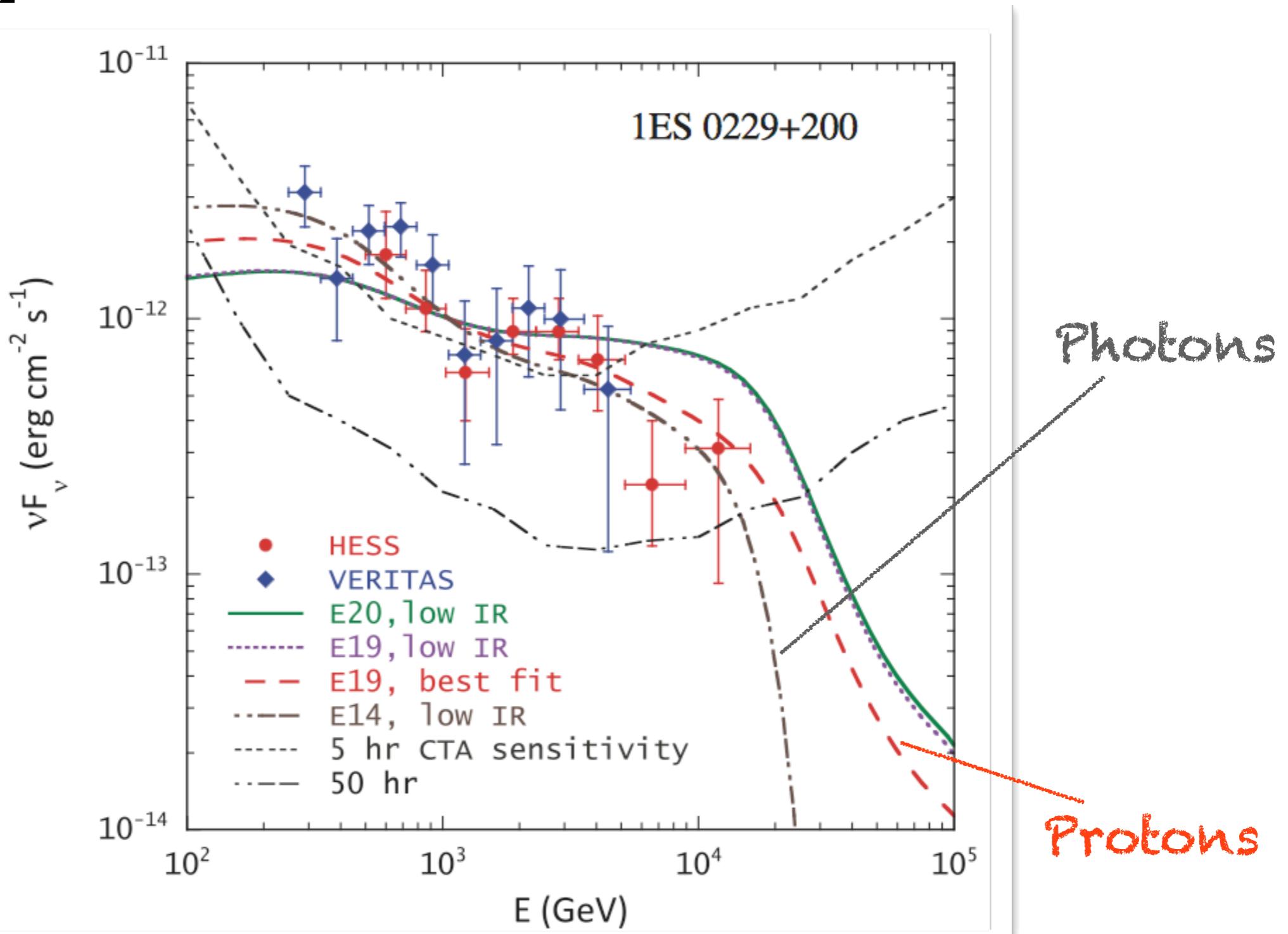
Also Dolag et al. 2011, Dermer et al. 2011, Taylor et al. 2012 ...

# Hadron beams?

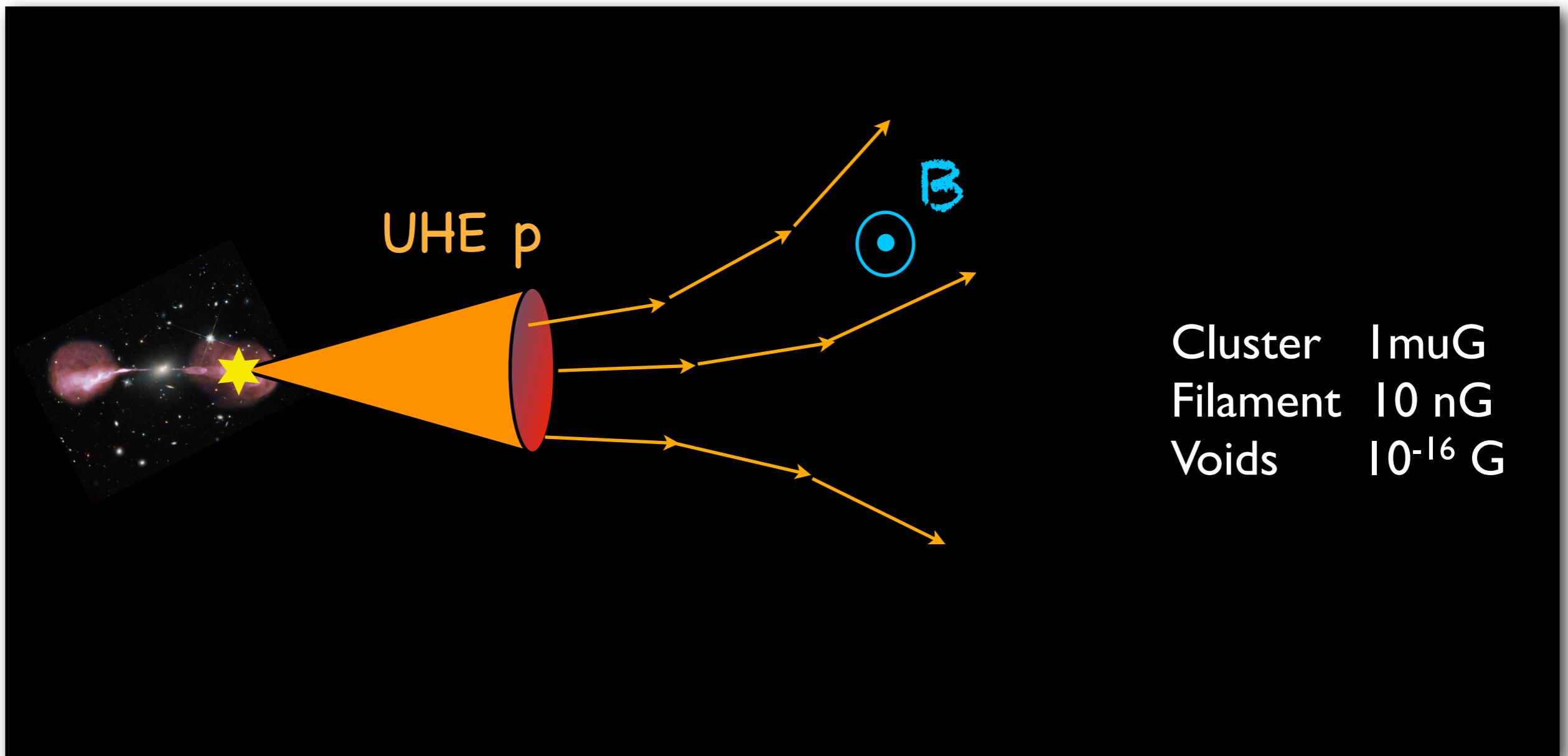


# Hadron beams?

Murase et al. 2012



# Hadron beams?



# Hadron beams?

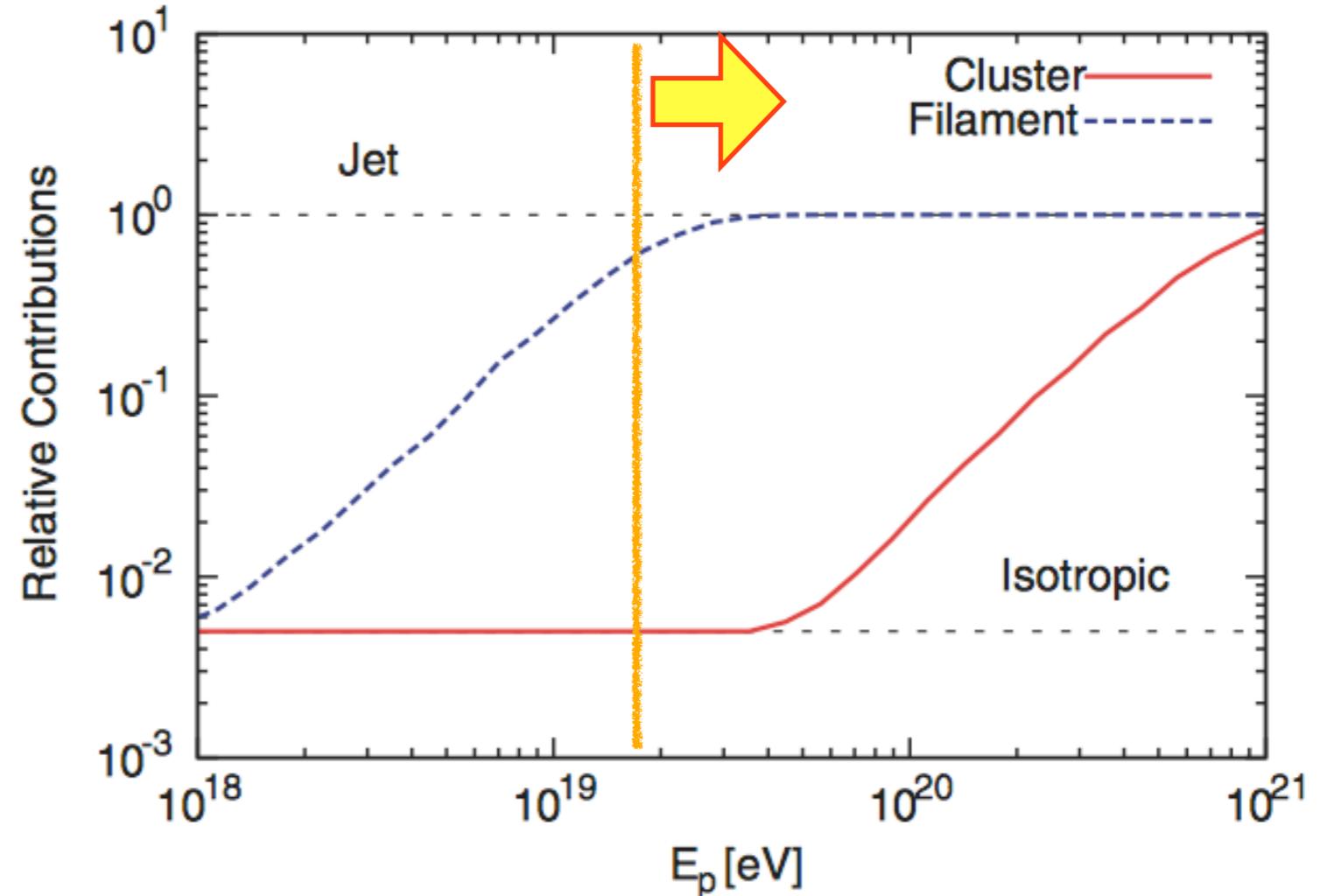
Murase et al. 2012

$$L_{\text{CR}} \approx 10^{45} - 10^{46} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$$

$$P_{\text{CR}} = L_{\text{CR}} \frac{\Delta\Omega}{4\pi}$$

$$\theta_{\text{CR}} \approx \frac{\sqrt{2\lambda_{\text{coh}}l}}{3r_L} \simeq 8^\circ Z E_{A,19}^{-1} B_{\text{EG},-8} \left( \frac{\lambda_{\text{coh}}}{0.1 \text{ Mpc}} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{l}{\text{Mpc}} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\theta_j \approx 5^\circ$$



# Hadron beams?

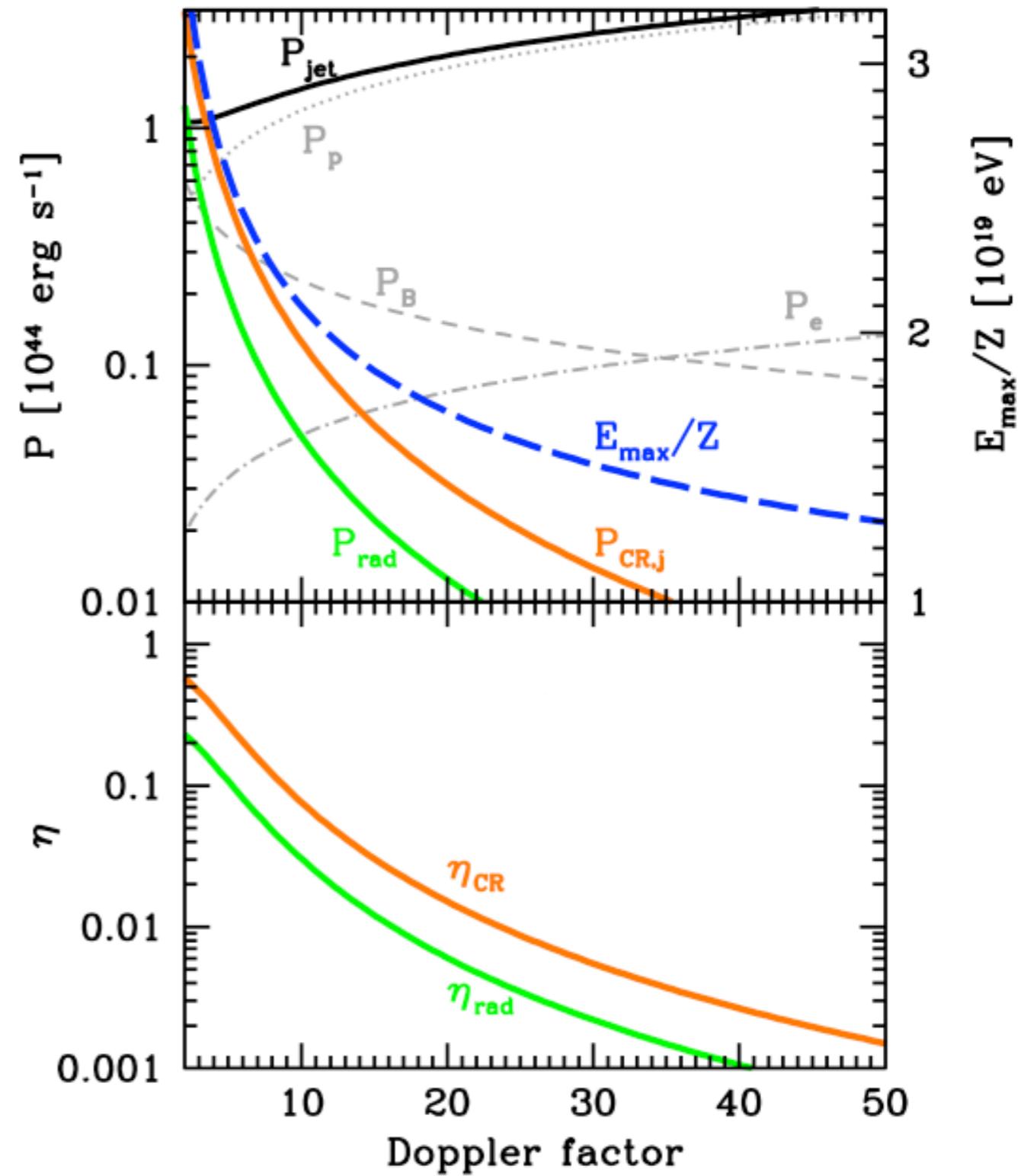
Tavecchio 2014

Gyroradius < source size

Hillas 1984

$$E_{\max} = ZeBR\Gamma$$

Emission model



# **Looking for EHBL**

**Quite interesting sources, but only a few**

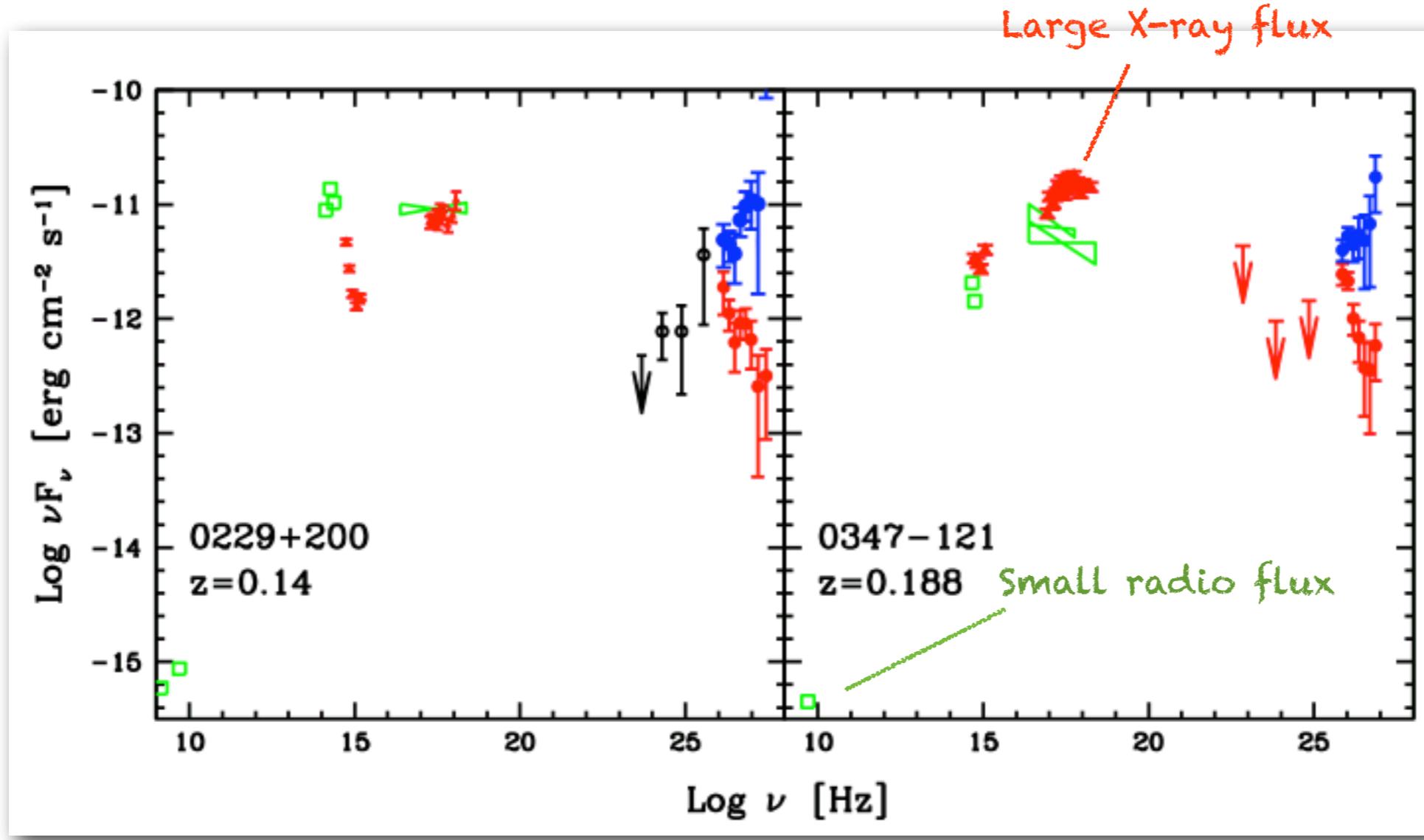
Population?

Impact on gamma-ray background?

Evolution?

Parent population?

# Looking for EHBL



Look for BL Lacs with large X-ray/radio flux ratio  
and weak gamma-ray emission

# Looking for EHBL

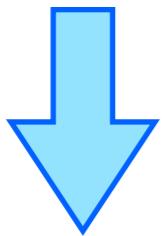
Bonnoli, FT et al. 2015

71 BL Lacs from SDSS+FIRST  
(Plotkin et al. 2011)

+

$z < 0.4$  (small EBL absorbtion)  
+

X-ray detection



**50 BL Lacs**

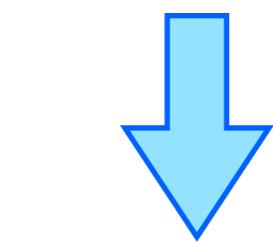
# Looking for EHBL

Bonnoli, FT et al. 2015

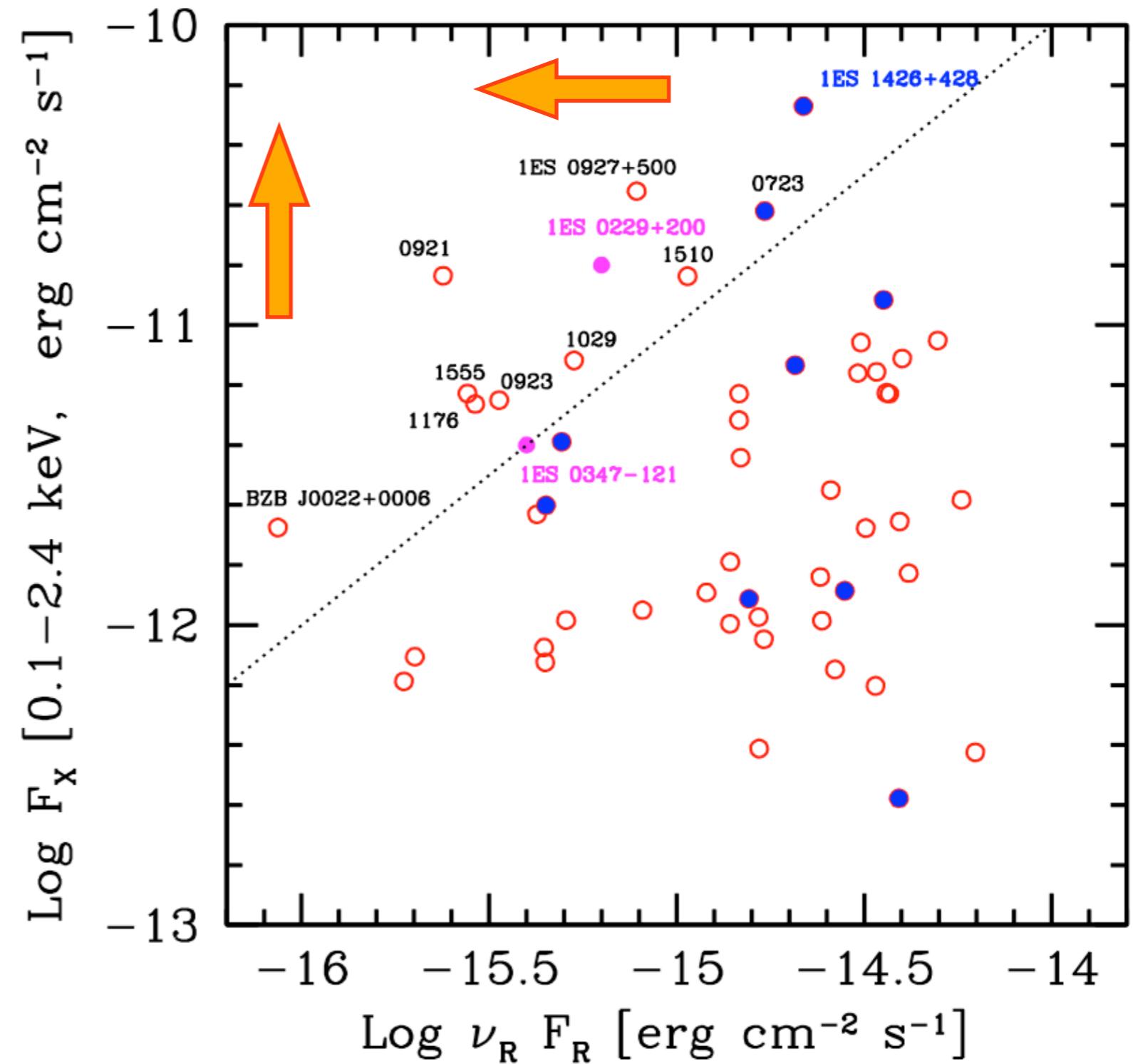
71 BL Lacs form SDSS+FIRST  
(Plotkin et al. 2011)

+  
 $z < 0.4$  (small EBL absorbtion)

+  
X-ray detection



**50 BL Lacs**



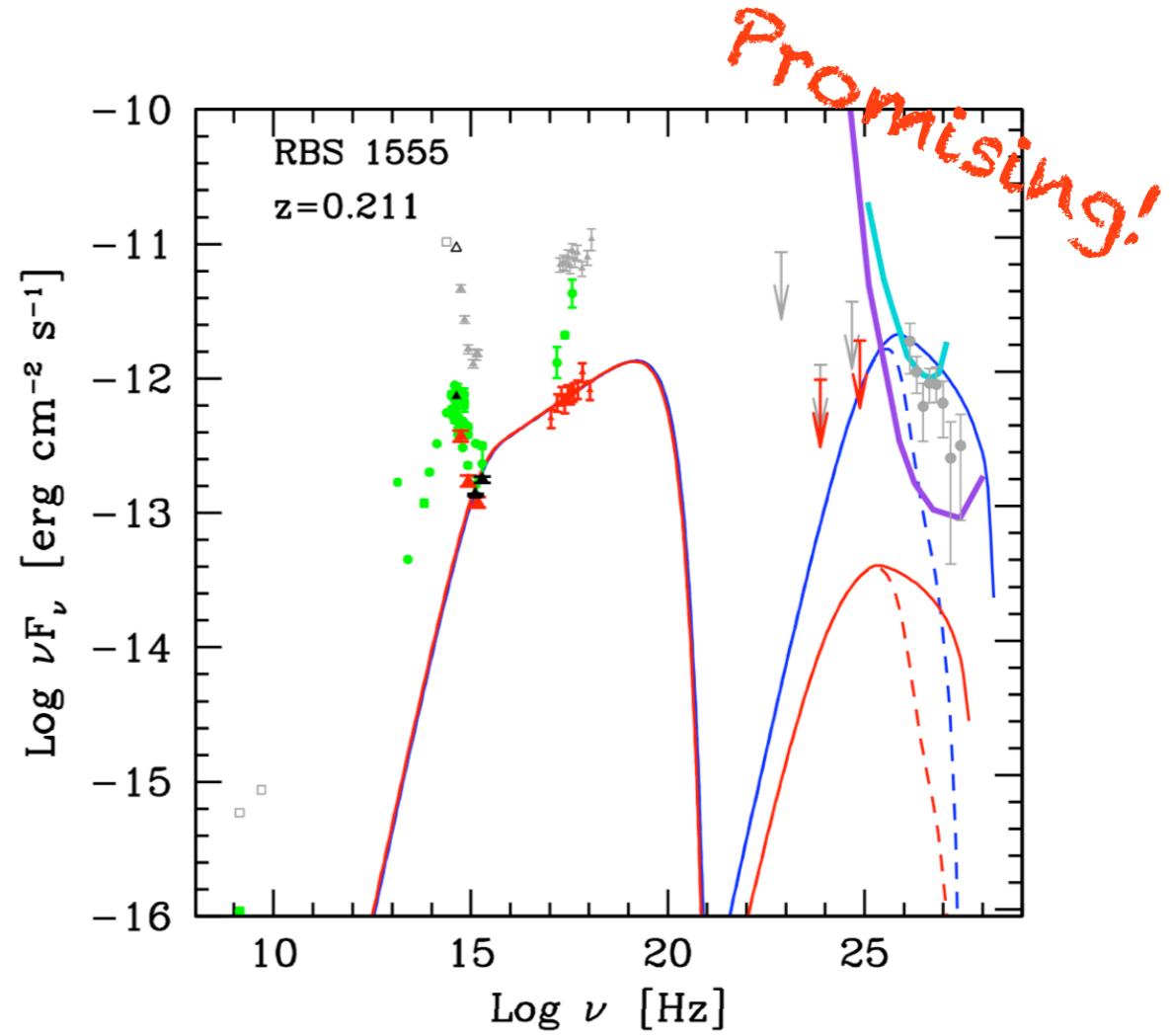
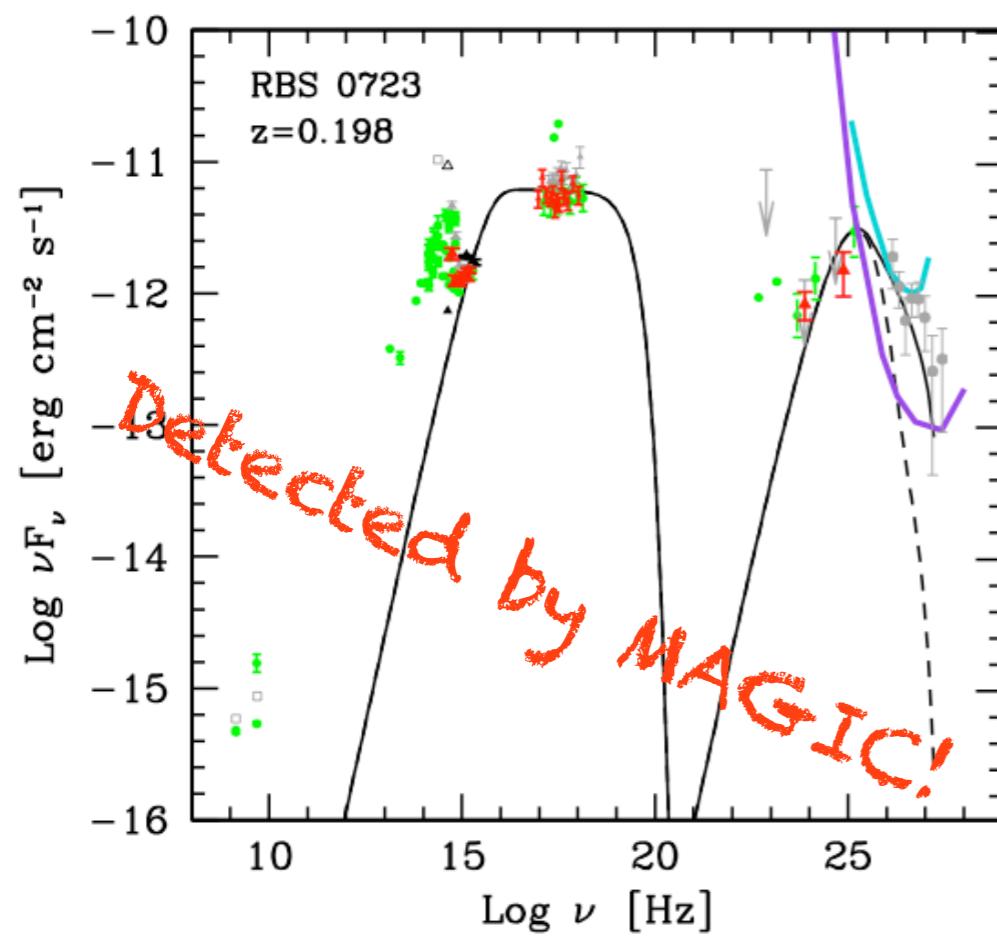
# Looking for EHBL

Source Name	R.A.(J2000)	$\delta$ (J2000)	$l$	$b$	Redshift	$A_B$
BZB J0022+0006	5.5040	0.1161	107.18	-61.85	0.306	0.108
RBS 0723	131.8039	11.5640	215.46	30.89	0.198	0.093
1ES 0927+500	142.6566	49.8404	168.19	45.71	0.187	0.073
RBS 0921	164.0275	2.8704	249.28	53.28	0.236	0.178
RBS 0923	164.3462	23.0552	215.96	63.91	0.378	0.088
RBS 1029	176.3963	-3.6671	273.11	55.34	0.168	0.130
RBS 1176	193.2540	38.4405	121.36	78.68	0.371	0.083
RBS 1510	233.2969	18.9081	29.21	52.05	0.307	0.210
RBS 1555	241.3293	54.3500	84.35	45.60	0.212	0.041

9 candidates

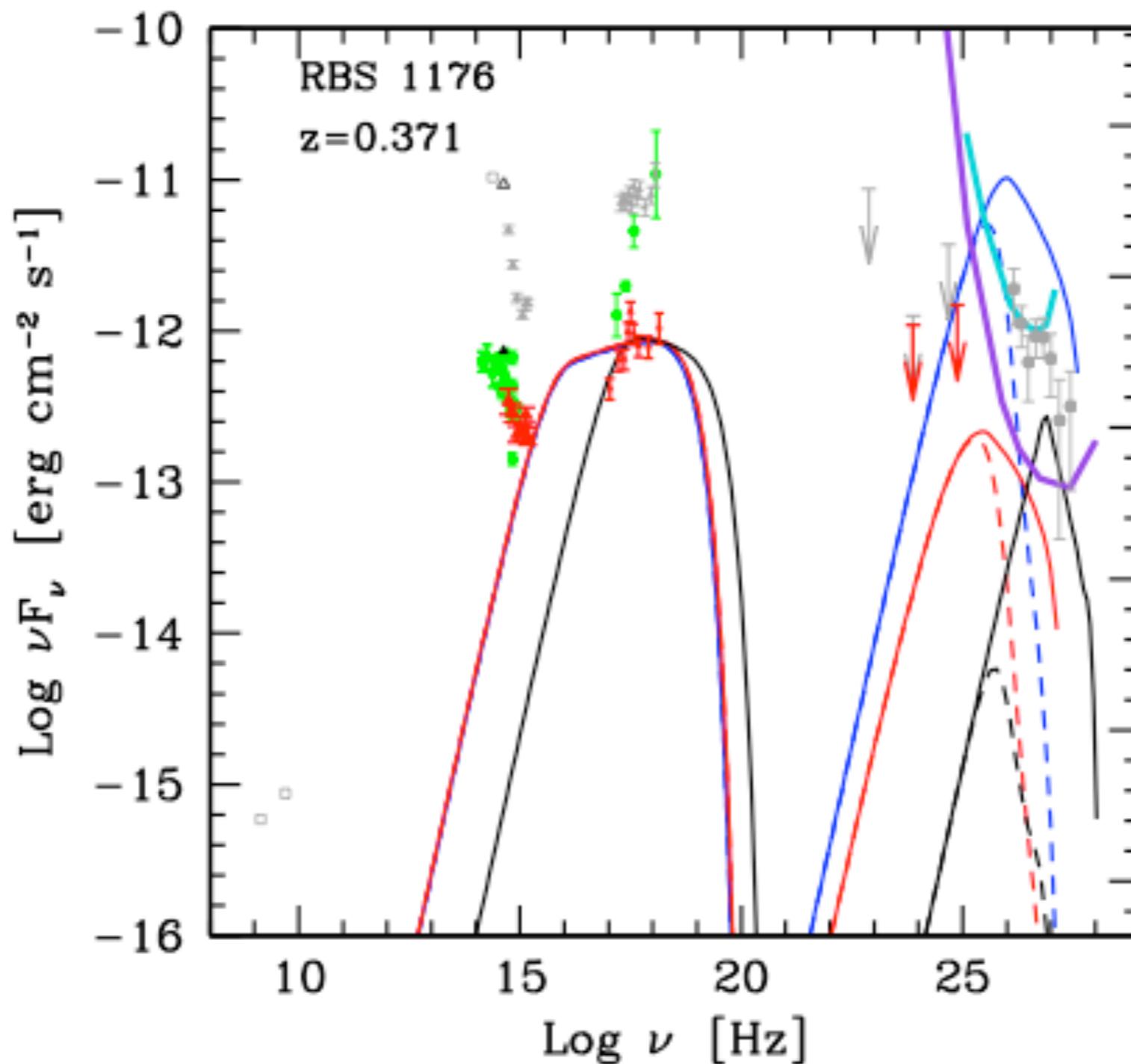
Swift (UV-X-ray) observations

Confirmation



# Looking for EHBL

RBS 1176: an ultra-extreme HBL?



# Looking for EHBL



We start to extend the selection

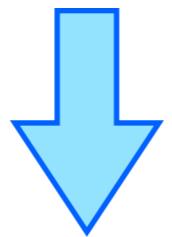
Rosat Bright Survey

+

FIRST (1.4 GHz)

+

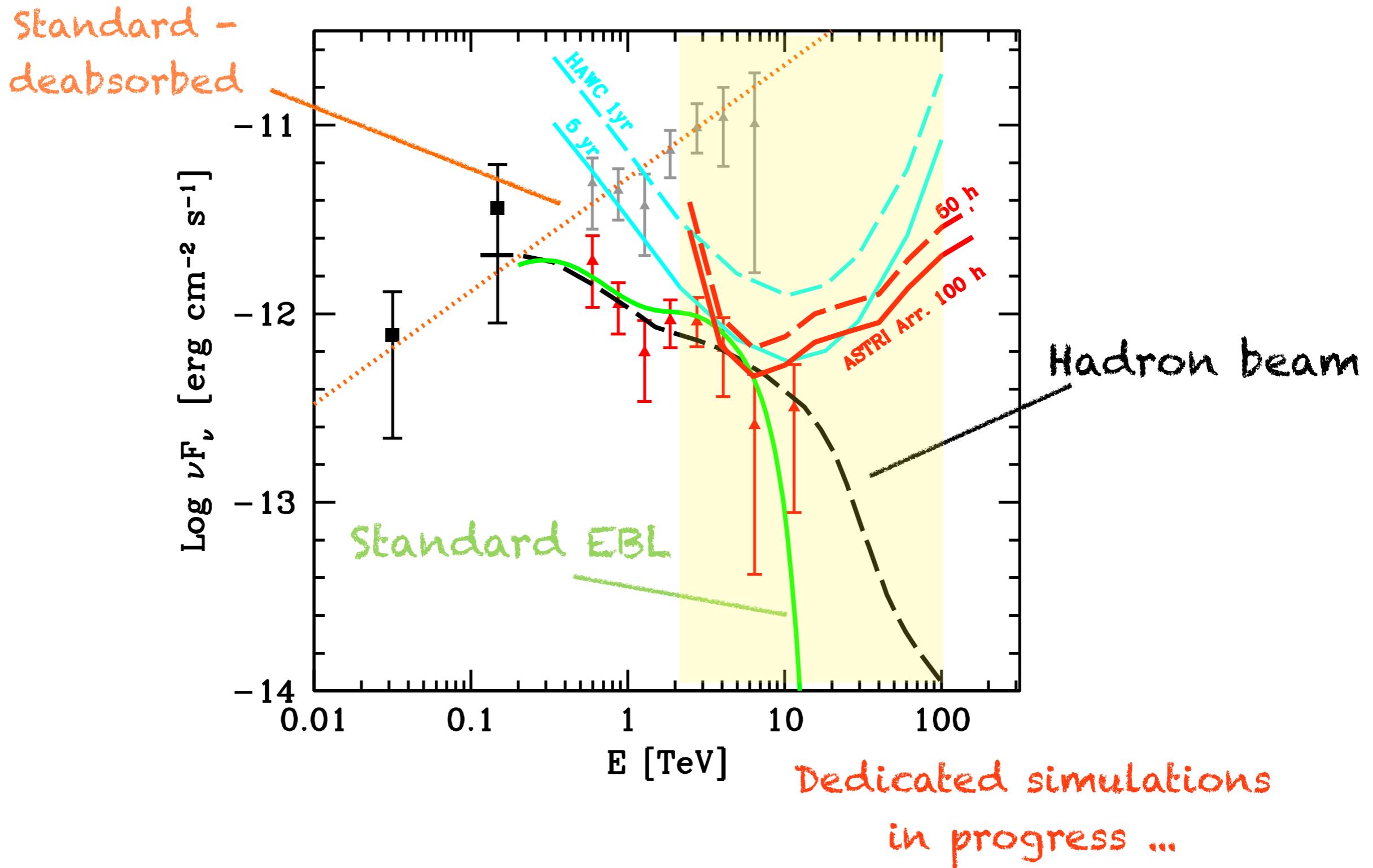
No 3FGL



**14 new + 4 in Bonnoli 2015**

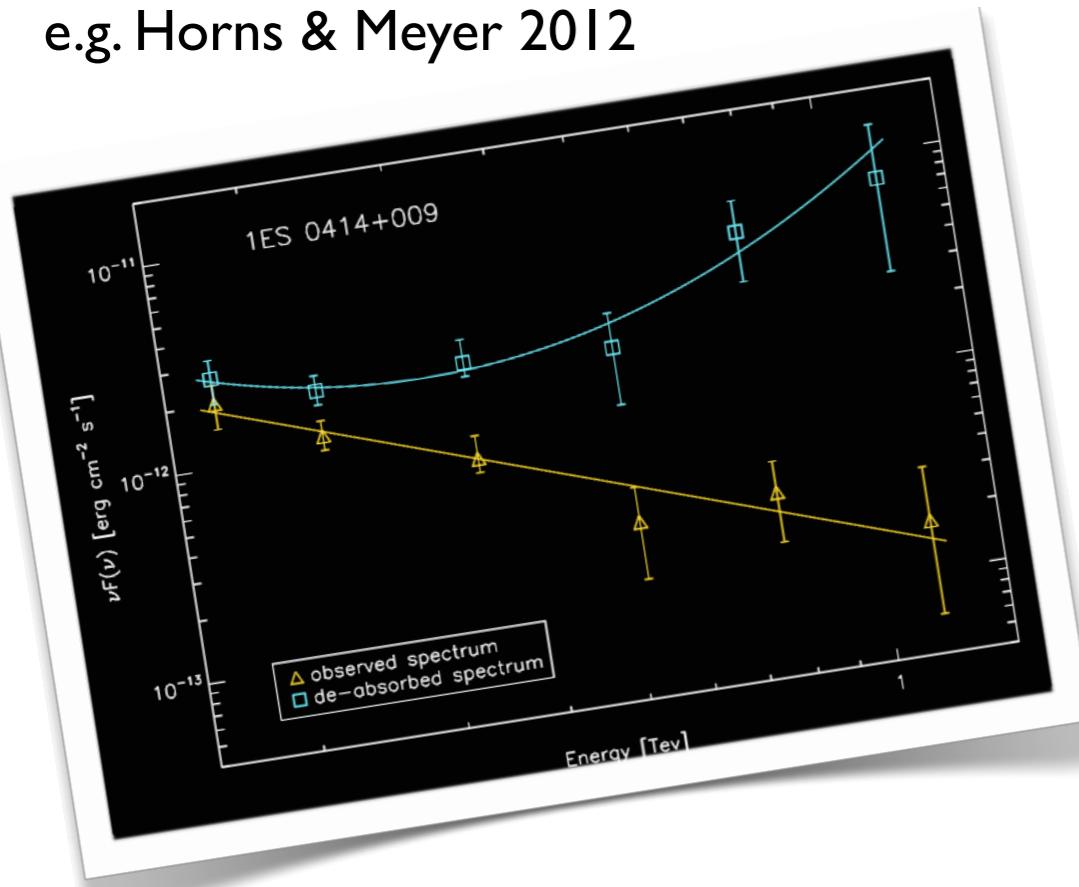
THANK YOU!

# Even before CTA completion!

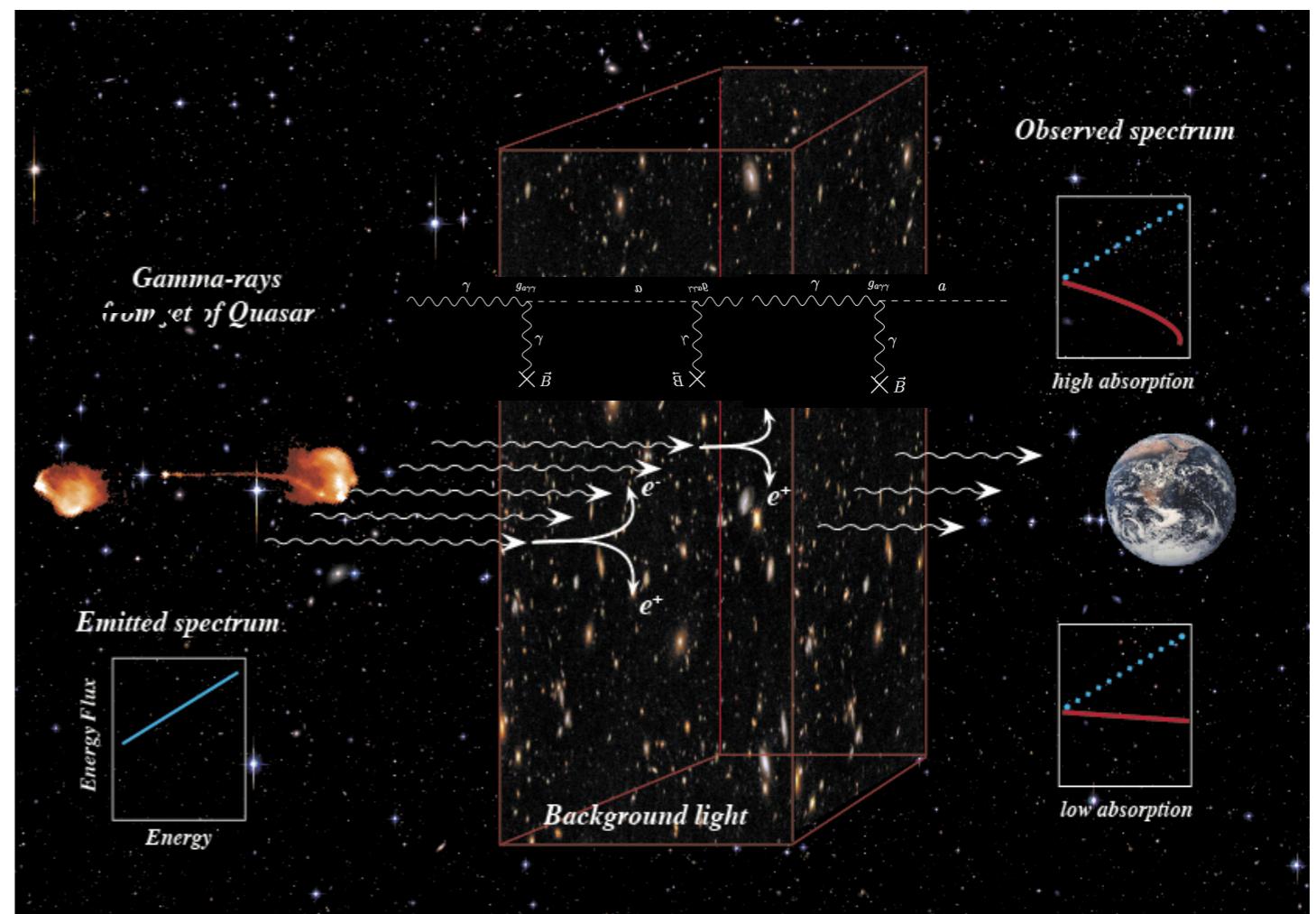


# Cosmic opacity anomaly: ALP

e.g. Horns & Meyer 2012



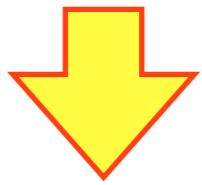
e.g. De Angelis et al. 2011



# Cosmic opacity anomaly: LIV

LIV induces an affective mass for the photon

$$\beta_\gamma = 1 - \left( \frac{E_\gamma}{M_{LVn}} \right)^n ; \quad m_\gamma^2 = -\frac{E_\gamma^{2+n}}{M_{LVn}^n},$$

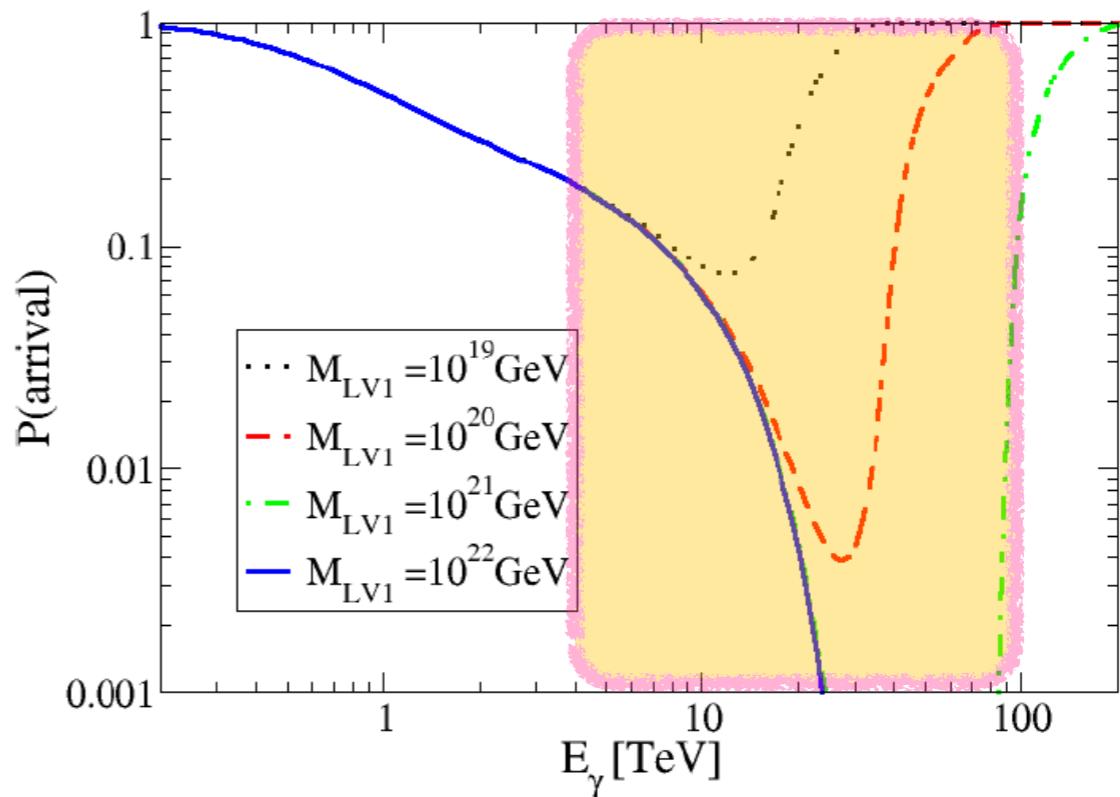


Modification of threshold  
for pair production at high E

LIV induces  
suppression  
of EBL-opacity

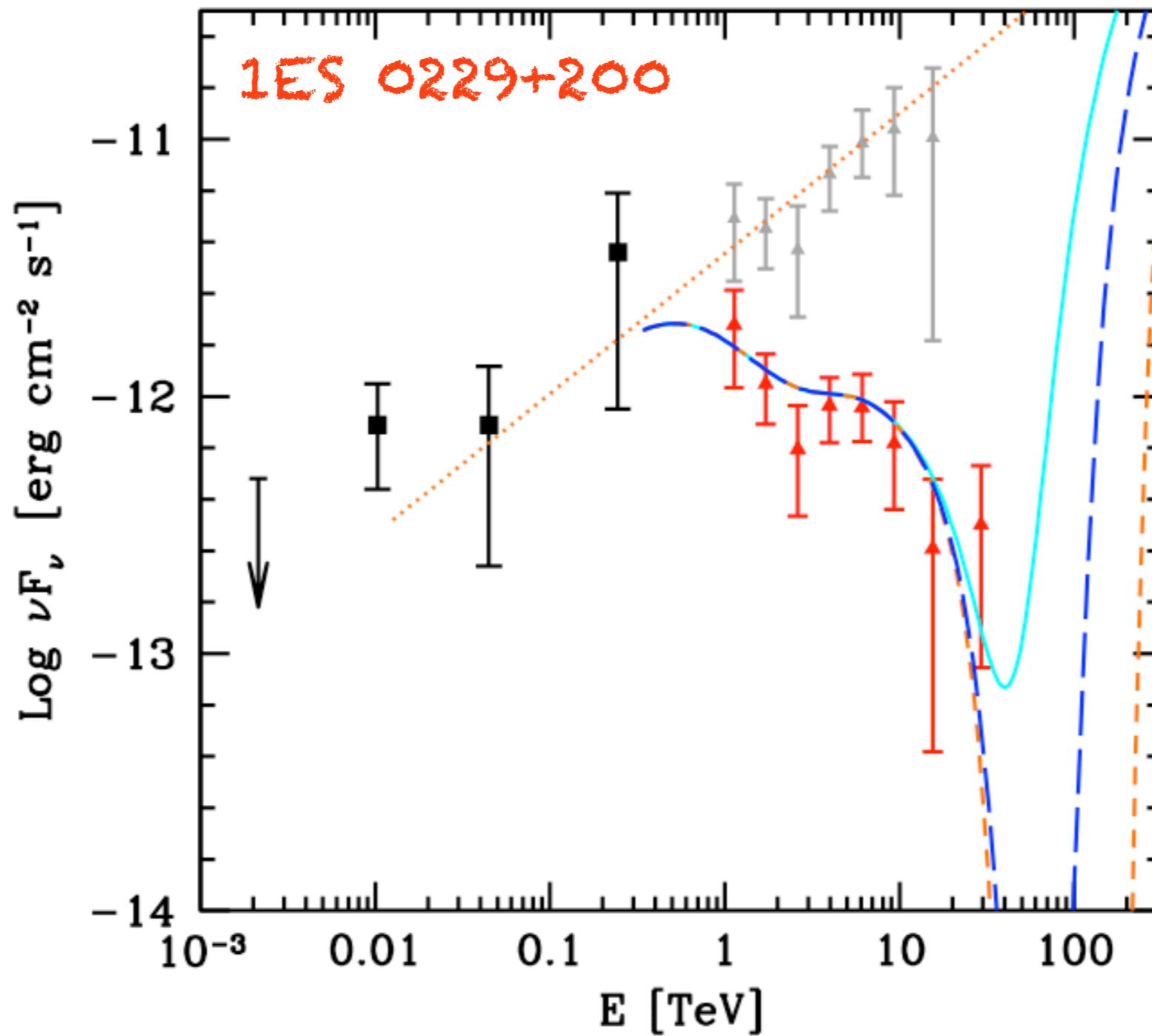
Fairbairn+ 2014

ASTRI/CTA  
Mini-Array

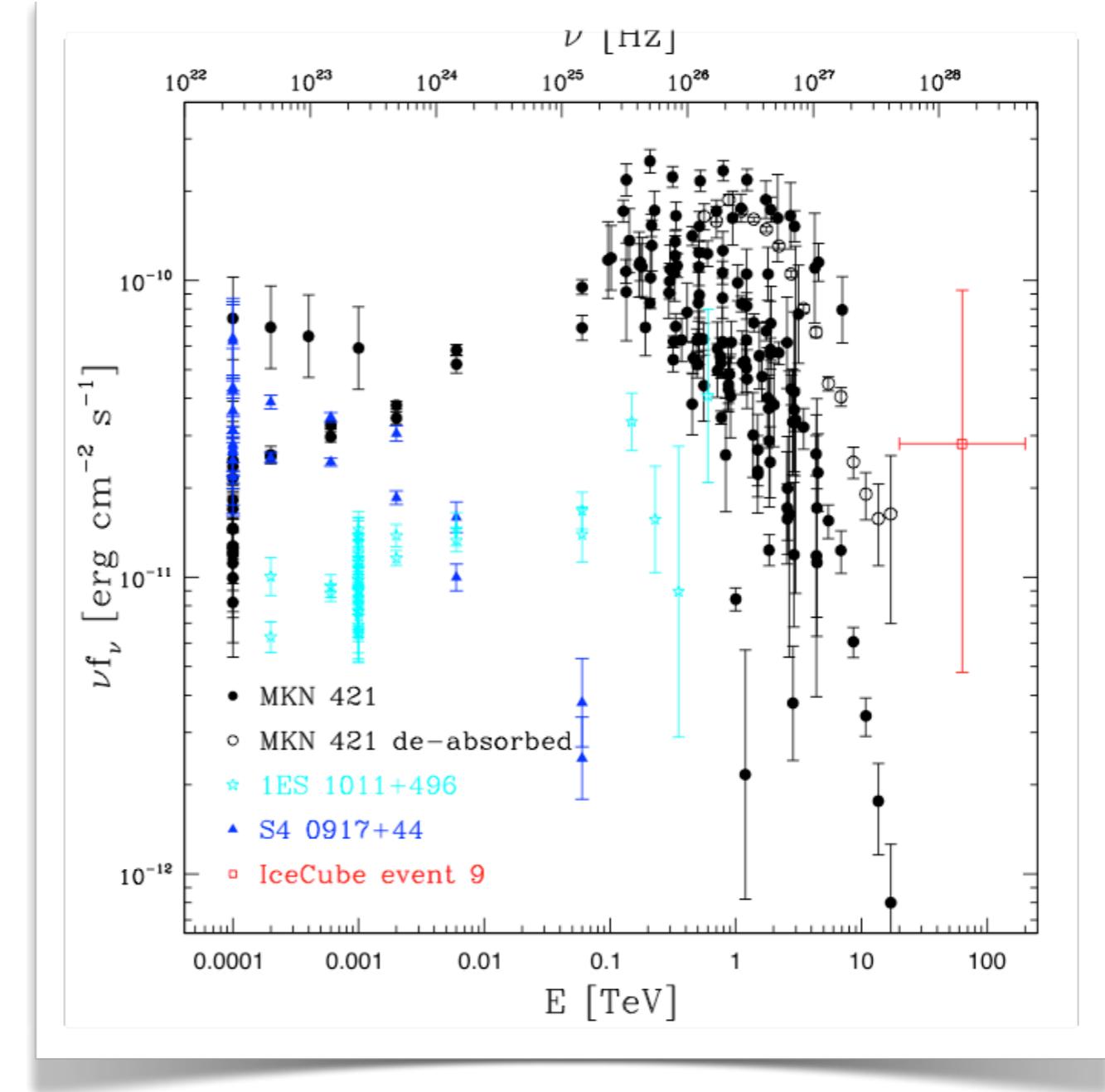
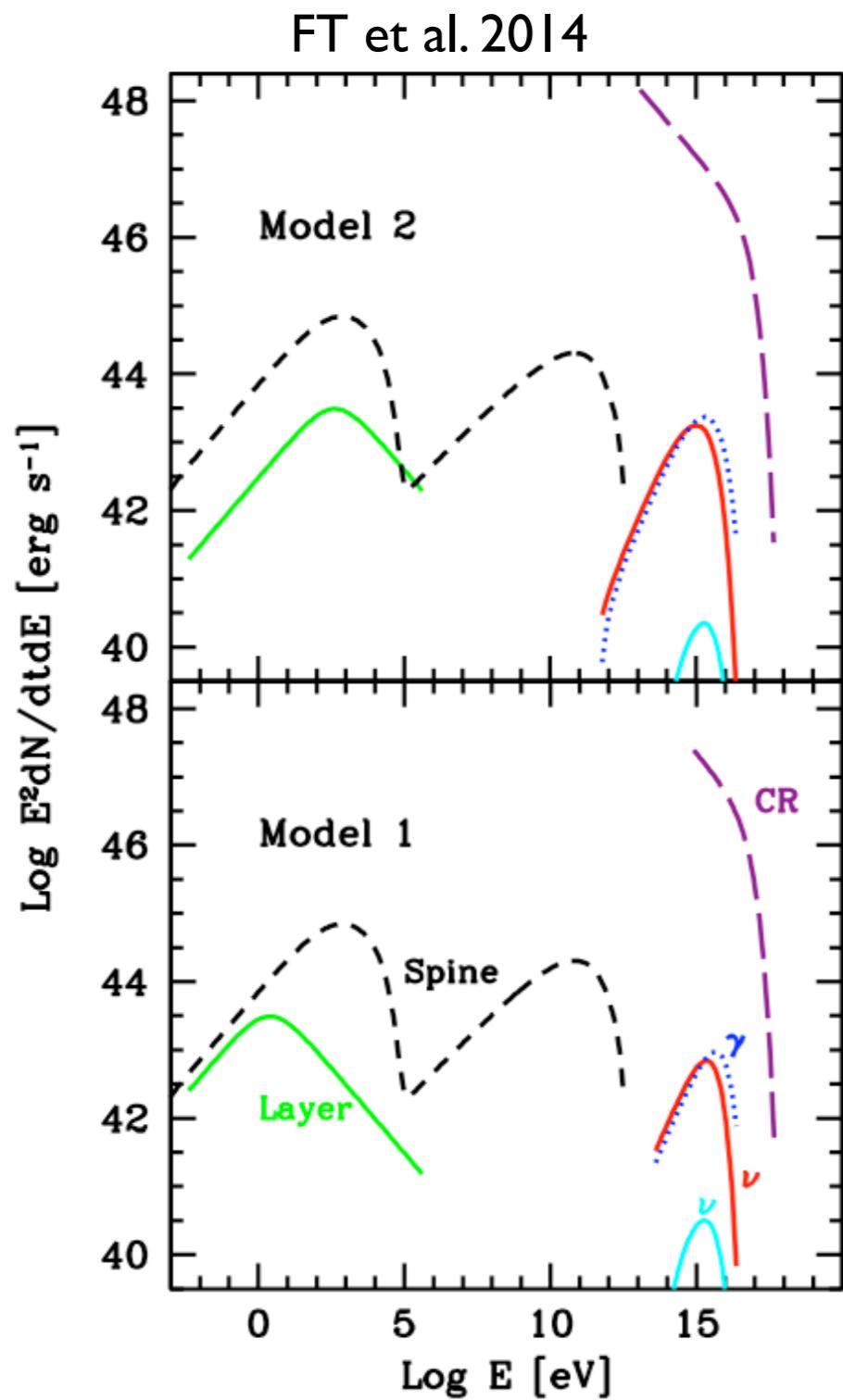


**Figure 2.** The arrival probability of a photon emitted from a hypothetical source at redshift  $z = 0.05$  as a function of energy. The different curves represent different values of the Lorentz-violating scale  $M_{LV1}$ . VHE photons with energies  $\gtrsim 100$  TeV can travel through the CMB effectively unimpeded.

# Cosmic opacity anomaly: LIV

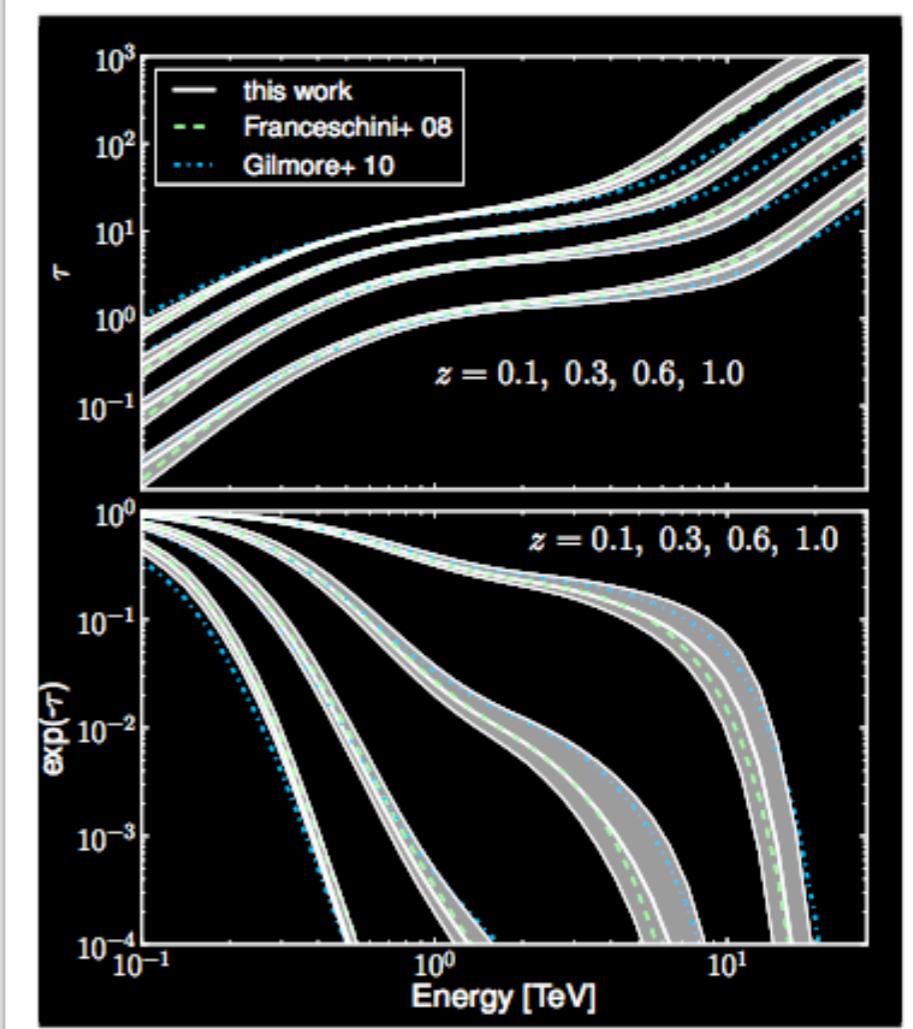
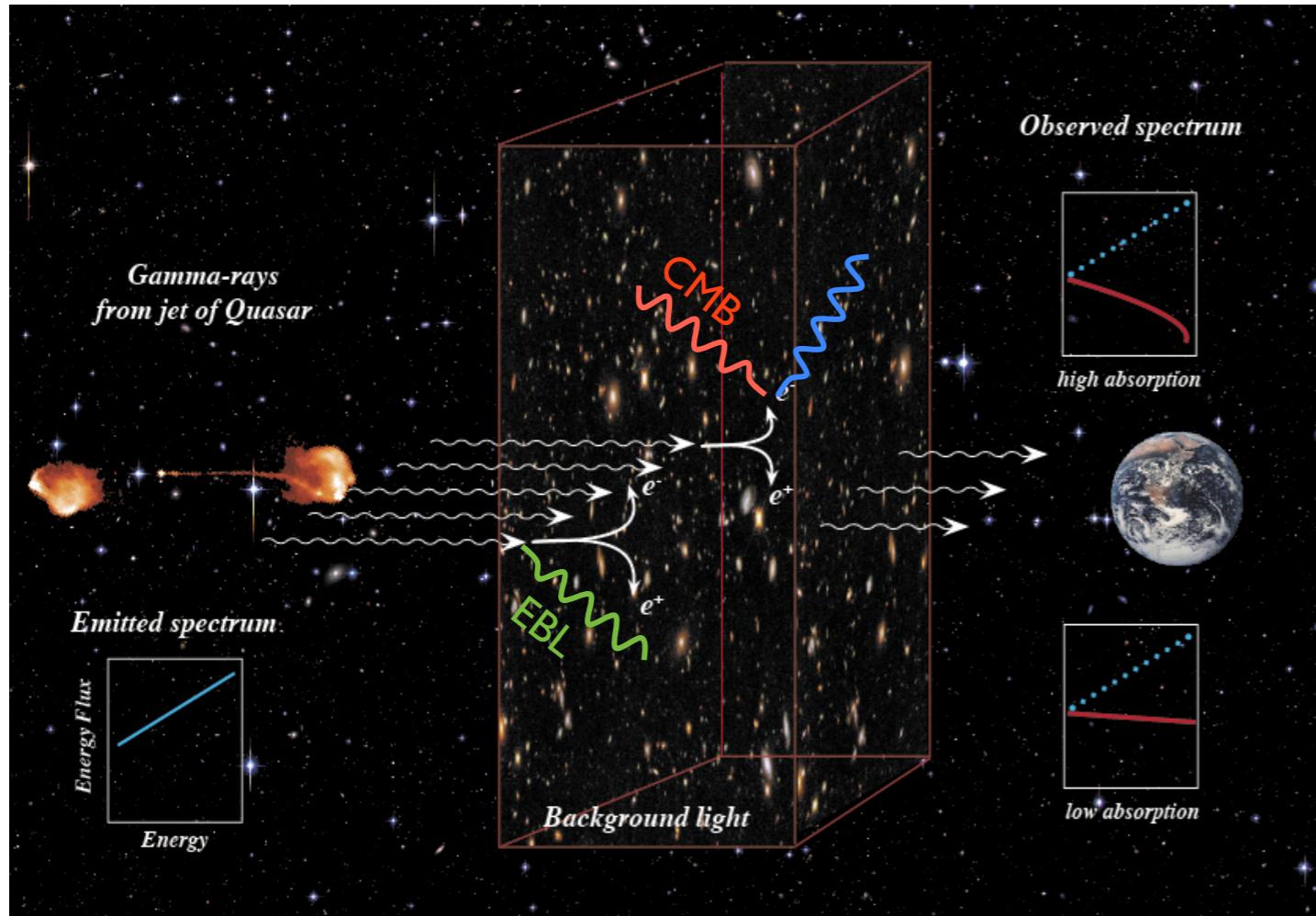


# Structured jets: neutrinos



Padovani & Resconi 2014

# Propagation: EBL absorption



Dominguez et al. 2011